## PITTSFORD CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

#### **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

For Year Ended June 30, 2020

MENGEL METZGER BARR & CO. LLP

RAYMOND F. WAGER, CPA, P.C. DIVISION

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# MENGEL METZGER BARR & CO. LLP

RAYMOND F. WAGER, CPA, P.C. DIVISION

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Education Pittsford Central School District, New York

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Pittsford Central School District, New York, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

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#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Pittsford Central School District, New York, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of funding progress postemployment benefit plan, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, schedule of District contributions, and budgetary comparison information on pages 4–13 and 54–58 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Pittsford Central School District, New York's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplemental information as listed in the table of contents and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by the Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying supplemental information as listed in the table of contents and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by the Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplemental information as listed in the table of contents and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by the Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 9, 2020 on our consideration of the Pittsford Central School District, New York's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Pittsford Central School District, New York's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mengel, Metzger, Barn & Co. LLP

Rochester, New York September 9, 2020

#### PITTSFORD CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)
June 30, 2020

#### INTRODUCTION

The Pittsford Central School District (the District) offers readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. It is based on currently known facts, decisions, or conditions. The results of the current year are discussed in comparison with the prior year, with an emphasis placed on the current year. Please review it in conjunction with the District's financial statements and the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The District implemented a Full Day Kindergarten program in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019. The 2019-20 budget reflects a reduction to Full Day Kindergarten Conversion Aid, which increased program sustainability in the District budget. The 2019-20 budget also included extending curriculum in to grade one for those in the first full day K cohort. Elementary schools also saw installation of standardized interactive smart panels for enhanced classroom instruction across all grades and school buildings. The District returned its reliance on fund balance to \$1.5 million after removing one-time startup costs for the full day kindergarten program. Finally, the COVID-19 pandemic closed schools from March 13, 2020 until the end of the school year. Because of the closure, schools immediately shifted from in person learning to providing remote instruction for the remainder of the school year.

- With the implementation of GASB 75, OPEB costs are now fully recognized on the balance sheet. The total assets of the District are short of its total liabilities at the close of the fiscal year by \$157 million, an increase of \$11.8 million (Net Position, page 14). This accounting deficit is the result of GASB 75 requiring the reporting of the Long-term Liability while NYS Law does not afford schools a legal means to reserve, fund or recognize the GASB 75 OPEB costs.
- The District's change in Net Position is (\$11.8) million (page 15 and 18). This is also primarily due to the GASB 75 Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) obligation, compensated absence obligation, pension fund liability, and the capitalization of assets.
- General Fund refund of prior year expense (stated as Miscellaneous) was above the original budget by \$527 thousand is primarily due to a larger than projected refund from Monroe #1 BOCES, Monroe County for preschool costs reimbursement, and a \$168 thousand refund from the Health Insurance consortium RASHP to correct an accounting error on their books. (Page 57)
- General Fund charges for services was above the original budget by \$206 thousand due to charges for parentally placed students in non-public schools located in our district who receive Special Education services and health services for non-resident students attending these same schools. This was based on an increase in the number of students receiving high cost services at non-public schools located in the District that are billed to other districts. (Page 57)
- The last Phase of the voter approved a renovation project in December, 2012 was completed in 2019-20. The District is in the process of planning a new Capital Project based on the Building Condition Survey that will take place in 2020-21.
- The District purchased nine replacement buses that were funded from the voter authorized Capital Bus Purchase Reserve.
- As of the close of this fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of approximately \$57.64 million (page 17).
- The District holds its excellent Aa1 Bond (credit) rating from Moody's.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This Management's Discussion and Analysis narrative (required supplemental information) is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) district-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. In addition to these statements, this report also includes other supplemental information, as outlined on page 4.

# Financial Statements Required Supplemental Information

Management's Discussion & Analysis (MD & A)

Basic Financial Statements					
District-wide	Fund				
(Entire District)	(Governmental & Fiduciary)				
Financial Statements	Financial Statements				
1. Statement of Net Position	1. Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds (page 16)				
(page 14)	2. Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and				
2. Statement of Activities and	Changes in Fund Balances Governmental				
Changes in Net Position	Funds (page 17)				
(page 15)	3. Reconciliation of Governmental Funds				
	Statement of Revenues,				
	Expenditures and Changes in Fund				
	Balances of Gov. Funds to Statement of				
	Activity (page 18)				
	4. Statement of Fiduciary Net Position				
	(page 19)				
	5. Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net				
	Position (page 19)				
Notes to th	e Basic Financial Statements				

#### **Supplemental Information**

Non-major Funds Combining Statements (page 61-62)

General Fund Budget & Tax Limit Information (page 59)

**Capital Project Funds Schedule of Project Expenditures (page 60)** 

**General Fund Budget to Actual Schedule (page 57)** 

Our auditor has provided assurance in his independent auditors' report, located immediately preceding this Management's Discussion and Analysis, that the Basic Financial Statements are fairly stated.

#### **District-wide Financial Statements**

The district-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business, providing both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial status.

The statement of Net Position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as Net Position. Over time, increases or decreases in Net Position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or declining.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's Net Position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in Net Position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to when the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. certain federal/state grants and earned but unused vacation leave).

All of the District's services are reported in the district-wide financial statements as governmental activities, including general support, instruction, pupil transportation, and school lunch. Property taxes, sales tax, state/federal aid, and investment earnings finance most of these activities. Additionally, all capital and debt financing activities are reported here.

#### **District-wide Financial Analysis (Page 14)**

#### Pittsford Central School District's Net Position June 30, 2019 and 2020 (thousands of dollars)

		tivities	Percent		
		2020		2019	<b>Change</b>
ASSETS:					
Current Assets	\$	72,906	\$	66,332	9.91%
Capital Assets		128,176		133,357	-3.89%
Total Assets	\$	201,082	\$	199,689	0.70%
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES:					
Deferred Outflow of Resources	\$	93,452	\$	61,636	51.62%
LIABILITIES:					
Current Liabilities	\$	7,816	\$	8,473	-7.75%
Long-Term Obligations		383,688		353,046	8.68%
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	\$	391,504	\$	361,519	8.29%
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES:					
Deferred Inflow of Resources	\$	59,755	\$	44,769	33.47%
NET POSITION:					
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	\$	65,044	\$	64,790	0.39%
Restricted For					
Capital Reserve		23,911		23,569	1.45%
Other Purposes		17,015		13,153	29.36%
Unrestricted		(262,695)		(246,475)	6.58%
<b>Total Net Position</b>	\$	(156,725)	\$	(144,963)	8.11%

As illustrated above, the largest portion of the District's Net Position (64 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment); less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The District uses these capital assets to provide educational services. Consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources. Capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

#### **Key Variances Include the following:**

- Deferred Inflow/Outflow of Resource reflects the changes to the pension systems actuarial for differences between expected and actual experiences, projected and actual earnings, assumptions and proportions of contributions.
- Restricted for Other Purposes Net funding of the reserved reserves.

#### Pittsford Central School District's Changes in Net Position (Page 15 and 18) For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2020 (thousands of dollars)

Total

Z020         Z019         CH           REVENUES:           Program -           Charges for Services         \$ 1,873         \$ 2,727           Operating Grants & Contributions         2,411         2,373           Capital Grants & Contributions         -         333           Total Program         \$ 4,284         \$ 5,433           General -           Property Taxes         \$ 103,194         \$ 100,456           Non-Property Taxes (Sales Tax)         6,030         5,769           State and Federal Aid         26,165         25,412           Investment Earnings         511         760	entage
REVENUES:           Program -         Charges for Services         \$ 1,873         \$ 2,727           Operating Grants & Contributions         2,411         2,373           Capital Grants & Contributions         - 333         -           Total Program         \$ 4,284         \$ 5,433           General -         Property Taxes         \$ 103,194         \$ 100,456           Non-Property Taxes (Sales Tax)         6,030         5,769           State and Federal Aid         26,165         25,412           Investment Earnings         511         760           Compensation for Loss         51         188           Miscellaneous         1,108         1,132	
Program -           Charges for Services         \$ 1,873 \$ 2,727           Operating Grants & Contributions         2,411 2,373           Capital Grants & Contributions         - 333 -           Total Program         \$ 4,284 \$ 5,433           General -           Property Taxes         \$ 103,194 \$ 100,456           Non-Property Taxes (Sales Tax)         6,030 5,769           State and Federal Aid         26,165 25,412           Investment Earnings         511 760           Compensation for Loss         51 188           Miscellaneous         1,108 1,132	ange
Charges for Services         \$ 1,873         \$ 2,727           Operating Grants & Contributions         2,411         2,373           Capital Grants & Contributions         -         333           Total Program         \$ 4,284         \$ 5,433           General -           Property Taxes         \$ 103,194         \$ 100,456           Non-Property Taxes (Sales Tax)         6,030         5,769           State and Federal Aid         26,165         25,412           Investment Earnings         511         760           Compensation for Loss         51         188           Miscellaneous         1,108         1,132	
Operating Grants & Contributions         2,411         2,373           Capital Grants & Contributions         -         333           Total Program         \$ 4,284         \$ 5,433           General -           Property Taxes         \$ 103,194         \$ 100,456           Non-Property Taxes (Sales Tax)         6,030         5,769           State and Federal Aid         26,165         25,412           Investment Earnings         511         760           Compensation for Loss         51         188           Miscellaneous         1,108         1,132	
Capital Grants & Contributions         -         333         -           Total Program         \$ 4,284         \$ 5,433           General -           Property Taxes         \$ 103,194         \$ 100,456           Non-Property Taxes (Sales Tax)         6,030         5,769           State and Federal Aid         26,165         25,412           Investment Earnings         511         760           Compensation for Loss         51         188           Miscellaneous         1,108         1,132	-31.32%
Total Program         \$ 4,284         \$ 5,433           General -         Property Taxes         \$ 103,194         \$ 100,456           Non-Property Taxes (Sales Tax)         6,030         5,769           State and Federal Aid         26,165         25,412           Investment Earnings         511         760           Compensation for Loss         51         188           Miscellaneous         1,108         1,132	1.60%
General -           Property Taxes         \$ 103,194         \$ 100,456           Non-Property Taxes (Sales Tax)         6,030         5,769           State and Federal Aid         26,165         25,412           Investment Earnings         511         760           Compensation for Loss         51         188           Miscellaneous         1,108         1,132	100.00%
Property Taxes       \$ 103,194       \$ 100,456         Non-Property Taxes (Sales Tax)       6,030       5,769         State and Federal Aid       26,165       25,412         Investment Earnings       511       760         Compensation for Loss       51       188         Miscellaneous       1,108       1,132	-21.15%
Non-Property Taxes (Sales Tax)       6,030       5,769         State and Federal Aid       26,165       25,412         Investment Earnings       511       760         Compensation for Loss       51       188         Miscellaneous       1,108       1,132	
State and Federal Aid       26,165       25,412         Investment Earnings       511       760         Compensation for Loss       51       188         Miscellaneous       1,108       1,132	2.73%
Investment Earnings         511         760           Compensation for Loss         51         188           Miscellaneous         1,108         1,132	4.52%
Compensation for Loss         51         188           Miscellaneous         1,108         1,132	2.96%
Miscellaneous 1,108 1,132	-32.76%
	-72.87%
Total General \$ 137,059 \$ 133,717	-2.12%
	2.50%
TOTAL REVENUES \$ 141,343 \$ 139,150	1.58%
EXPENSES:	
Instruction \$ 123,929 \$ 112,484	10.17%
Support Services -	
General Support 16,070 15,357	4.64%
Transportation 8,245 8,777	-6.06%
School Lunch 2,101 2,273	-7.57%
Interest in Long-Term Debt 2,761 2,646	4.35%
TOTAL EXPENSES \$ 153,106 \$ 141,537	8.17%
Changes in Net Position \$ (11,763) \$ (2,387)	
Beginning Net Position (144,963) (142,576)	
Ending Net Position \$ (156,726) \$ (144,963)	

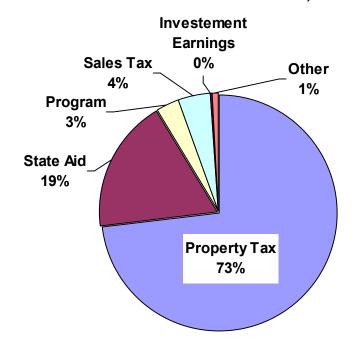
The \$11.8 million decrease in Net Position (page 18) is attributable to a) Reporting net pension asset/liability b) Other Post Employment Benefit liability and c) the depreciation of assets over time. The District's breakdown of revenues is as follows: state and federal aid accounted for 19% of revenues and property taxes accounted for 73% of revenues. The remaining 8% of revenue came from sales tax, operating grants, charges for services, investment earnings and miscellaneous revenues. The District's expenses are predominately related to education and caring for students, or 86% of total expenses, and general support, which included expenses associated with the operation, maintenance and administration of the District, accounted for 14% of the total costs. There were minor reclassifications with the prior year numbers for comparative purposes.

#### **Key Variances Include the following:**

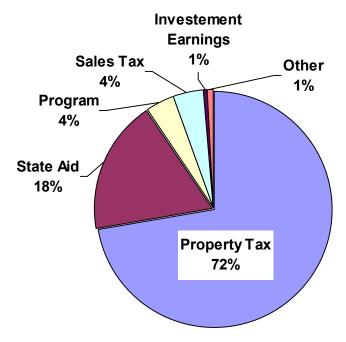
- Charges for Services the school lunch program was closed for the last quarter of the year due to COVID-19
- Capital Grants and Contributions District received Smart School Bond money in the prior year.
- Instruction Allocation of the increases to the OPEB obligations.

The following charts provide the percentage breakdown of all revenues by source and all expenses by function for the entire District:

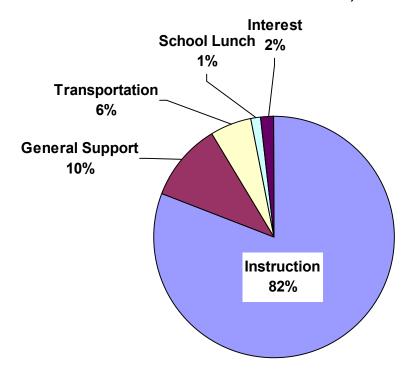
Districtwide Revenues by Source For the Year Ended June 30, 2020



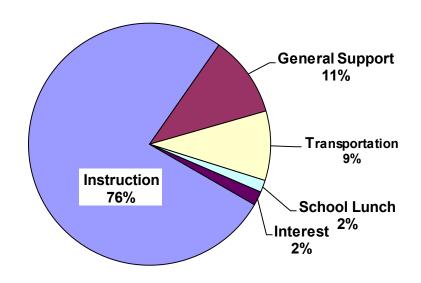
# Districtwide Revenues by Source For the Year Ended June 30, 2019



# Districtwide Expenses by Function For the Year Ended June 30, 2020



# Districtwide Expenses by Function For the Year Ended June 30, 2019



#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the District's most significant (major) funds.

A **fund** is a grouping of related accounts, and is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

**Governmental funds**. Most of the District's services are reported in governmental funds. Governmental fund reporting focuses on showing how money flows into and out of funds, and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. They are reported using modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted into cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's operations and the services it provides. Governmental fund information helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources available to be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. We describe the relationship or differences between governmental activities (reported in the *Statement of Net Position* and *the Statement of Activities*) and governmental funds on the *Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds*.

The District maintains five individual governmental funds: General Fund, Special Aid Fund, School Lunch Fund, Debt Service Fund, and Capital Projects Fund. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund *Balance Sheet* and in the governmental fund *Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances* for the general fund and the capital fund. Data from the special aid fund, the school lunch fund, and the debt service fund are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in a combining statement format as a supplemental schedule in this report.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

**Fiduciary funds.** Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the district-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

#### **Fund Financial Analysis (District's Funds)**

#### Pittsford Central School District's Balance Sheet (Page 16) June 30, 2019 and 2020 (Thousands of dollars)

	Total		Total		
	Gen	eral Fund	<b>General Fund</b>		
		<u>2020</u>	2019		
<b>Total Assets</b>	\$	58,956	\$	53,540	
Total Liabilities	\$	10,869	\$	10,912	
Fund Balance					
Nonspendable-prepaid	\$	50	\$	57	
Restricted		37,935		33,741	
Assigned, Approp. & Encumbrances		4,572		3,273	
Unassigned, Unappropriated		5,530		5,467	
<b>Total Fund Balance</b>	\$	48,087	\$	42,538	

Of the approximately \$48 million fund balance in the general fund (page 16), approximately 21% of this total (\$10.1 million) constitutes unreserved fund balance, \$1.6 million is appropriated to reduce the 2020-2021 fiscal year tax levy, \$2.2 million is set aside for encumbrances and \$5.53 million (4% of the 2019-20 budget) is available for ensuing fiscal years. The remainder of fund balance is restricted, which indicates that it is not available due to the fact that it is either legally restricted to liquidate current contracts, restricted by district residents for future voter authorized purposes (almost \$38 million), and other Board of Education authorized purposes. Contained in this balance are year-end Board of Education authorized transfers of \$500 thousand to the Capital Bus Reserve, \$471thousand to the voter authorized Capital Building Reserve, \$903 thousand to the Teachers' Retirement Contribution Reserve, \$1 million to the Employee Benefit Reserve, \$500 thousand to the Employee Retirement Contribution Reserve and \$2 million to the Reserve for Unemployment.

Maintaining an adequate fund balance has several internal benefits. It maintains a favorable credit rating, thus saving on interest expense and improves cash flow needs until major revenues are received (thereby reducing or eliminating the need for cash flow borrowing). Adequate fund balance also provides funds to leverage state and federal grants and provide for various contingencies.

The following is a summary of the fund balances and reserves as of June 30, 2020 (page 16 and 62) by individual fund (including encumbrances restricted to liquidate current contracts and/or purchase orders):

#### (Thousands of dollars)

FUND BALANCE:	<b>Fund Balance</b>		Fun	d Balance	Change in		
		<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>		l Balance	
General Fund (including reserves)	\$	48,088	\$	42,538	\$	5,550	
Capital Fund		5,967		6,618		(651)	
School Lunch Fund		567		569		(2)	
Federal		29		55		(26)	
Debt Service Fund		2,991		2,982		9	
Total	\$	57,642	\$	52,762	\$	4,880	

As of the end of the fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$57.6 million (see page 17), an increase of approximately \$4.8 million from the prior year. This increase was primarily due to contributions to reserves to maintain the fiscal stability of the District.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights (Page 57-64)**

The difference between the general funds adopted budget and the final amended budget was \$3.9 million. This amount includes, \$1.97 million in carryover of outstanding purchase orders (encumbrances) from the 2018-19 fiscal year and a voter authorized bus purchases of \$1.5 million.

The \$2.9 million positive budget-to-actual variance in general fund revenues and the \$6.3 million positive budget-to-actual variance in general fund expenditures are a result of the following:

- The increase in total revenues of \$2.9 million over budget was primarily due to increases in General Operating Aid (Basic formula and Lottery aid) of \$320 thousand; sales tax revenues of \$699 thousand; charges for educational services to other school districts \$206 thousand, and \$193 thousand in interest income due to higher interest rates until the pandemic closure.
- Budgetary controls throughout the year to maintain expenditures below the original budget, including instructional expenditures at 99%, transportation expenditures at 75% and employee benefit expenditures at 92% of original budgetary amounts.

#### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration (Page 38)**

The District's capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

Machinery and Equipment

# (Thousands of dollars)CAPITAL ASSETS20202019Land\$ 679\$ 679Work in Progress913139Buildings and Improvements117,703123,341

8,880

9,198

Total \$ 128,175 \$ 133,357

The total decrease in the District's capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) for the current fiscal year was \$5,182 thousand. The decrease is attributable to work in progress for the capital project and the depreciation of buildings and equipment that are devalued over the useful life of the asset.

**Obligations (Page 38-39)**: The District had total long-term debt including serial bonds and other post employment obligations outstanding of \$372,126 million as of June 30, 2010 (an increase of \$5.2 million over the previous year).

(Thousands of dolla	ırs)		
<b>Long-Term Debt Obligations</b>		<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Serial Bonds	\$	60,210	\$ 67,305
Other Debt (EPC & Comp. Absences)		18,182	7,253
Other Post Employment Benefits		305,296	 278,487
<b>Total Long-Term Obligations</b>	\$	383,688	\$ 353,045

The change in this long-term debt level is attributable to the following: a) serial bond and interest payments in 2019-20, b) the Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75 requirement to account for in whole other post-employment benefits (healthcare benefits separate from a pension plan) in the current year and c) the Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68 requirement to account and report for Pensions. A postemployment benefit is viewed as a deferred compensation arrangement whereby an employer promises to exchange future benefits for employee's current services.

Our current bond rating is an Aa1. Section 104.00 of the Local Finance Law limits the amount of general obligation debt that a school district may issue to 10 percent of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limitation for the District is \$399 million, which is significantly higher than the present outstanding general obligation debt of \$68.6 million. The District has leveraged in debt 17% of the legal capacity.

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

The notes provide additional information that is essential in achieving a full understanding of the data provided in the district-wide and fund financial statements.

#### **Supplementary Information**

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain supplementary information (supplementary schedules). The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented as supplementary schedules.

#### **Factors Bearing on the District's Future**

The state comptroller has advised all participating employers that the billing from the New York State Employees' Retirement System, beginning with the bill due February 2021, for the billing period April 2019 through March 2020, will average 14.6% of eligible payroll. The New York State Employees' Retirement System has informed participating employers that the rate for the bill due February 2021 billing period April 2020 to March 2021, will remain at an average of 14.6%.

The New York State Teachers' Retirement System has indicated that the rate to to calculate expenditures for the 2019-20 fiscal year will be 9.53% of eligible salaries. This rate has increased by .67% over the 2019-20 rate of 8.86% of eligible salaries.

With the 2012 Capital Project complete, the District is planning an extensive NYS required Building Condition Survey in the 2020-21 school year. This data is used as a foundation for a Long-Range Facilities Plan (LRFP) and as a blue print for a long-term facilities maintenance and renovation plan identifying needs and adjustments to suit educational program and enrollment into the future. The District has adopted a multi-year financial planning model and conservatively plans budgets coupled with Fund Balance and Reserve management with an eye toward providing financial stability and predictability into the future.

The District implemented a Full Day Kindergarten program in the 2018-19 school year. Over the first three years of the program, the State of New York is providing Kindergarten Conversion Aid on a declining scale. At the end of this three-year period (2020-21 school year), the District will fund the program in its entirety. With strong financial performance in the 2018-19 school year, the District was able to reduce its reliance on appropriated fund balance to prior year's levels for the 2019-20 school budget.

Currently, the public education climate in NYS is a challenging one. The COVID-19 pandemic changed the landscape of public education through a March 2020 Governor's Executive Order to close schools and to deliver instruction remotely until the end of the year. Schools planned for hybrid models of learning for the 2020-21 school year for the health and safety of students and staff. Remote learning models have challenged the way we deliver instruction and offer new technologies to accomplish this. Due to the pandemic, the Governor has also issued an Executive Order that allows him to reduce aid to Schools if State Revenues are below budgeted receipts. This action will result in revenue shortfalls in the 2020-21 school year. Whether or not this withholding will be reimbursed at a future date is unknown and is highly dependent on additional federal pandemic funding for states and schools. However, at this time the State of New York has withheld fund from the Spring/Summer 2020 payments that were revenue accruals for the fiscal year ended, June 30, 2020. Therefore, should this receivable of State Aid *not* be received the effect would be a reduction of the June 30, 2021 fund balance and surplus of more than \$500,000. Further, to help cover pandemic related costs, the Board of Education reduced unassigned fund balance by increasing appropriated fund balance to amend/increase the 2020-21 budget by \$750,000 to assist with the unanticipated costs of the pandemic in July 2020.

While some believe schools have and are saving budget funds while not fully operational, they are neglecting to recognize the loss of revenue and the continuance of both fiscal stresses. Fortunately, the District has diligently worked hard for fifteen years to prepare financially through reserves and conservative budgets for difficult times. The District is monitoring closely the financial climate and preserving its financial health as far into the future as possible.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide district residents, taxpayers, parents, students, investors and creditors, with a general overview of the District's finances, and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to:

Pittsford Central School District
75 Barker Road, East Offices
Pittsford, NY 14534
Attn: Darrin Kenney, Asst. Superintendent for Business, or
Leeanne Reister, Director of Finance

## **Statement of Net Position**

June 30, 2020

ASSETS         \$ 60,766,427           Cash and cash equivalents         \$ 60,766,427           Accounts receivable         5,003,434           Inventories         57,760           Prepaid items         50,387           Net pension asset         7,028,192           Capital Assets:         ************************************		Governmental <u>Activities</u>	
Accounts receivable         5,003,434           Inventories         57,760           Prepaid items         50,387           Net pension asset         7,028,192           Capital Assets:         ****           Land         678,810           Work in progress         912,588           Other capital assets (net of depreciation)         126,584,063           TOTAL ASSETS         ****201,081,661           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         ****93,452,278           Deferred outflows of resources         ****93,452,278           LIABILITIES         ****93,452,278           Accounts payable         ****1,818,349           Accrued liabilities         764,526           Unearned revenues         210,335           Due to teachers' retirement system         4,395,512           Due to employees' retirement system         626,670           Long-Term Obligations:         ****           Due in one year         355,165,697           TOTAL LIABILITIES         391,503,722           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         ****           Deferred inflows of resources         *****         59,755,816           NET POSITION         ***         *****           Net investment in capital assets	ASSETS		
Inventories         57,760           Prepaid items         50,387           Net pension asset         7,028,192           Capital Assets         7,028,192           Capital Assets         678,810           Work in progress         912,588           Other capital assets (net of depreciation)         126,584,063           TOTAL ASSETS         \$ 201,081,661           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         \$ 93,452,278           Deferred outflows of resources         \$ 93,452,278           LIABILITIES         \$ 1,818,349           Accrued liabilities         764,526           Uncarned revenues         210,335           Due to teachers' retirement system         4,395,512           Due to employees' retirement system         626,670           Long-Term Obligations:         \$ 8,522,633           Due in one year         375,165,693           Due in one than one year         375,165,693           TOTAL LIABILITIES         3 391,503,722           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         \$ 59,755,816           NET POSITION         \$ 59,755,816           Net investment in capital assets         \$ 65,043,816           Restricted For:         23,910,951           Capital reserves         23,910,951		\$ 60,766,427	
Prepaid items         50,387           Net pension asset         7,028,192           Capital Assets:	Accounts receivable	5,003,434	
Net pension asset         7,028,192           Capital Assets:         678,810           Work in progress         912,588           Other capital assets (net of depreciation)         126,584,063           TOTAL ASSETS         201,081,661           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred outflows of resources         \$93,452,278           LIABILITIES           Accounts payable         \$1,818,349           Accrued liabilities         764,526           Unearned revenues         210,335           Due to teachers' retirement system         4,395,512           Due to employees' retirement system         626,670           Long-Term Obligations:         \$8,522,633           Due in one year         375,165,697           TOTAL LIABILITIES         \$391,503,722           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred inflows of resources         \$59,755,816           NET POSITION         \$65,043,816           Restricted For:         \$23,910,951           Capital reserves         23,910,951           Other purposes         17,014,658           Unrestricted         (262,695,024)	Inventories	57,760	
Capital Assets:           Land         678,810           Work in progress         912,588           Other capital assets (net of depreciation)         126,584,063           TOTAL ASSETS         \$ 201,081,661           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred outflows of resources         \$ 93,452,278           LIABILITIES           Accounts payable         \$ 1,818,349           Accrued liabilities         764,526           Unearned revenues         210,335           Due to teachers' retirement system         4,395,512           Due to employees' retirement system         626,670           Long-Term Obligations:         \$ 8,522,633           Due in one year         8,522,633           Due in more than one year         375,165,697           TOTAL LIABILITIES         \$ 391,503,722           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred inflows of resources         \$ 59,755,816           NET POSITION         \$ 65,043,816           Restricted For:         \$ 23,910,951           Chitler purposes         17,014,658           Unrestricted         (262,695,024)	Prepaid items	50,387	
Land         678,810           Work in progress         912,588           Other capital assets (net of depreciation)         126,584,063           TOTAL ASSETS         \$ 201,081,661           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred outflows of resources         \$ 93,452,278           LIABILITIES           Accounts payable         \$ 1,818,349           Accrued liabilities         210,335           Due to eachers' retirement system         4,395,512           Due to employees' retirement system         626,670           Long-Term Obligations:         \$ 201,033           Due in one year         8,522,633           Due in more than one year         375,165,697           TOTAL LIABILITIES         \$ 391,503,722           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred inflows of resources         \$ 59,755,816           NET POSITION           Net investment in capital assets         \$ 65,043,816           Restricted For:         \$ 23,910,951           Chiter purposes         17,014,658           Unrestricted         (262,695,024)	Net pension asset	7,028,192	
Work in progress         912,588           Other capital assets (net of depreciation)         126,584,063           TOTAL ASSETS         \$ 201,081,661           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred outflows of resources         \$ 93,452,278           LIABILITIES           Accounts payable         \$ 1,818,349           Accrued liabilities         764,526           Unearned revenues         210,335           Due to teachers' retirement system         626,670           Long-Term Obligations:         \$ 8,522,633           Due in one year         8,522,633           Due in more than one year         375,165,697           TOTAL LIABILITIES         \$ 391,503,722           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred inflows of resources         \$ 59,755,816           NET POSITION           Net investment in capital assets         \$ 65,043,816           Restricted For:         23,910,951           Capital reserves         23,910,951           Other purposes         17,014,658           Unrestricted         (262,695,024)	Capital Assets:		
Other capital assets (net of depreciation)         126,584,063           TOTAL ASSETS         \$ 201,081,661           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred outflows of resources         \$ 93,452,278           LIABILITIES           Accounts payable         \$ 1,818,349           Accrued liabilities         764,526           Unearned revenues         210,335           Due to teachers' retirement system         4,395,512           Due to employees' retirement system         626,670           Long-Term Obligations:         \$ 8,522,633           Due in one year         375,165,697           TOTAL LIABILITIES         \$ 391,503,722           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         \$ 59,755,816           Deferred inflows of resources         \$ 59,755,816           NET POSITION         \$ 65,043,816           Restricted For:         \$ 23,910,951           Capital reserves         23,910,951           Other purposes         17,014,658           Unrestricted         (262,695,024)	Land	678,810	
TOTAL ASSETS         \$ 201,081,661           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred outflows of resources         \$ 93,452,278           LIABILITIES           Accounts payable         \$ 1,818,349           Accord liabilities         764,526           Unearned revenues         210,335           Due to teachers' retirement system         4,395,512           Due to employees' retirement system         626,670           Long-Term Obligations:         \$           Due in one year         8,522,633           Due in more than one year         375,165,697           TOTAL LIABILITIES         \$ 391,503,722           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         \$ 59,755,816           NET POSITION         \$ 65,043,816           Restricted For:         \$ 23,910,951           Capital reserves         23,910,951           Other purposes         17,014,658           Unrestricted         (262,695,024)	Work in progress	912,588	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred outflows of resources         \$ 93,452,278           LIABILITIES           Accounts payable         \$ 1,818,349           Accrued liabilities         764,526           Unearned revenues         210,335           Due to teachers' retirement system         4,395,512           Due to employees' retirement system         626,670           Long-Term Obligations:         ***	Other capital assets (net of depreciation)	126,584,063	
Deferred outflows of resources         \$ 93,452,278           LIABILITIES         *** Accounts payable *** Accrued liabilities *** Total cubers' retirement system ** Due to teachers' retirement system ** Due to teachers' retirement system ** Due to employees' retirement system ** Capital none year ** Due in one year ** Total liabilities ** Deferred inflows of RESOURCES ** Deferred inflows of resources ** Perferred inflows of resources ** Capital reserves ** Capital reserves ** Other purposes ** Unrestricted ** Unrestricted ** Unrestricted ** Capital reserves ** Capital res	TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 201,081,661	
LIABILITIES         Accounts payable       \$ 1,818,349         Accrued liabilities       764,526         Unearned revenues       210,335         Due to teachers' retirement system       4,395,512         Due to employees' retirement system       626,670         Long-Term Obligations:       \$ 522,633         Due in one year       375,165,697         TOTAL LIABILITIES       \$ 391,503,722         DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         Deferred inflows of resources       \$ 59,755,816         NET POSITION         Net investment in capital assets       \$ 65,043,816         Restricted For:       23,910,951         Capital reserves       23,910,951         Other purposes       17,014,658         Unrestricted       (262,695,024)	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Accounts payable       \$ 1,818,349         Accrued liabilities       764,526         Unearned revenues       210,335         Due to teachers' retirement system       4,395,512         Due to employees' retirement system       626,670         Long-Term Obligations:       ***         Due in one year       8,522,633         Due in more than one year       375,165,697         TOTAL LIABILITIES       *** 391,503,722         DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         Deferred inflows of resources       *** 59,755,816         NET POSITION         Net investment in capital assets       ** 65,043,816         Restricted For:       ***         Capital reserves       23,910,951         Other purposes       17,014,658         Unrestricted       (262,695,024)	Deferred outflows of resources	\$ 93,452,278	
Accrued liabilities       764,526         Unearned revenues       210,335         Due to teachers' retirement system       4,395,512         Due to employees' retirement system       626,670         Long-Term Obligations:       ***        Due in one year       8,522,633         Due in more than one year       375,165,697         TOTAL LIABILITIES       *** 391,503,722         DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         Deferred inflows of resources       *** 59,755,816         NET POSITION         Net investment in capital assets       65,043,816         Restricted For:       ***         Capital reserves       23,910,951         Other purposes       17,014,658         Unrestricted       (262,695,024)	LIABILITIES		
Unearned revenues       210,335         Due to teachers' retirement system       4,395,512         Due to employees' retirement system       626,670         Long-Term Obligations:       ***        Due in one year       8,522,633         Due in more than one year       375,165,697         TOTAL LIABILITIES       *** 391,503,722         DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         Deferred inflows of resources       *** 59,755,816         NET POSITION         Net investment in capital assets       *** 65,043,816         Restricted For:       ***         Capital reserves       23,910,951         Other purposes       17,014,658         Unrestricted       (262,695,024)	Accounts payable	\$ 1,818,349	
Due to teachers' retirement system       4,395,512         Due to employees' retirement system       626,670         Long-Term Obligations:       ***        Due in one year       8,522,633         Due in more than one year       375,165,697         TOTAL LIABILITIES       *** 391,503,722         DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         Deferred inflows of resources       *** 59,755,816         NET POSITION         Net investment in capital assets       *** 65,043,816         Restricted For:       ***         Capital reserves       23,910,951         Other purposes       17,014,658         Unrestricted       (262,695,024)	Accrued liabilities	764,526	
Due to employees' retirement system       626,670         Long-Term Obligations:       8,522,633         Due in one year       375,165,697         TOTAL LIABILITIES       \$391,503,722         DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         Deferred inflows of resources       \$59,755,816         NET POSITION         Net investment in capital assets       \$65,043,816         Restricted For:       23,910,951         Other purposes       17,014,658         Unrestricted       (262,695,024)	Unearned revenues	210,335	
Long-Term Obligations:         Due in one year       8,522,633         Due in more than one year       375,165,697         TOTAL LIABILITIES       \$ 391,503,722         DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         Deferred inflows of resources       \$ 59,755,816         NET POSITION         Net investment in capital assets       \$ 65,043,816         Restricted For:         Capital reserves       23,910,951         Other purposes       17,014,658         Unrestricted       (262,695,024)	Due to teachers' retirement system	4,395,512	
Due in one year       8,522,633         Due in more than one year       375,165,697         TOTAL LIABILITIES       \$ 391,503,722         DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         Deferred inflows of resources       \$ 59,755,816         NET POSITION         Net investment in capital assets       \$ 65,043,816         Restricted For:       23,910,951         Other purposes       17,014,658         Unrestricted       (262,695,024)	Due to employees' retirement system	626,670	
Due in more than one year       375,165,697         TOTAL LIABILITIES       \$ 391,503,722         DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         Deferred inflows of resources       \$ 59,755,816         NET POSITION         Net investment in capital assets       \$ 65,043,816         Restricted For:         Capital reserves       23,910,951         Other purposes       17,014,658         Unrestricted       (262,695,024)	Long-Term Obligations:		
TOTAL LIABILITIES         \$ 391,503,722           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred inflows of resources         \$ 59,755,816           NET POSITION           Net investment in capital assets         \$ 65,043,816           Restricted For:         23,910,951           Other purposes         17,014,658           Unrestricted         (262,695,024)	Due in one year	8,522,633	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         Deferred inflows of resources       \$ 59,755,816         NET POSITION         Net investment in capital assets       \$ 65,043,816         Restricted For:       23,910,951         Other purposes       17,014,658         Unrestricted       (262,695,024)	Due in more than one year	375,165,697	
Deferred inflows of resources         \$ 59,755,816           NET POSITION         \$ 65,043,816           Net investment in capital assets         \$ 65,043,816           Restricted For:         23,910,951           Other purposes         17,014,658           Unrestricted         (262,695,024)	TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 391,503,722	
NET POSITION         Net investment in capital assets       \$ 65,043,816         Restricted For:       23,910,951         Other purposes       17,014,658         Unrestricted       (262,695,024)	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Net investment in capital assets       \$ 65,043,816         Restricted For:       23,910,951         Capital reserves       23,910,951         Other purposes       17,014,658         Unrestricted       (262,695,024)	Deferred inflows of resources	\$ 59,755,816	
Restricted For:         Capital reserves       23,910,951         Other purposes       17,014,658         Unrestricted       (262,695,024)	NET POSITION		
Capital reserves       23,910,951         Other purposes       17,014,658         Unrestricted       (262,695,024)	Net investment in capital assets	\$ 65,043,816	
Other purposes       17,014,658         Unrestricted       (262,695,024)	Restricted For:		
Other purposes       17,014,658         Unrestricted       (262,695,024)	Capital reserves	23,910,951	
Unrestricted (262,695,024)	•		
	TOTAL NET POSITION		

# Statement of Activities For Year Ended June 30, 2020

			Revenues Operating	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
		Charges for	Grants and	Governmental
Functions/Programs	<b>Expenses</b>	<u>Services</u>	<b>Contributions</b>	<u>Activities</u>
<u>Primary Government</u> -				
General support	\$ 16,069,814	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (16,069,814)
Instruction	123,928,917	574,808	2,411,218	(120,942,891)
Pupil transportation	8,245,151	-	-	(8,245,151)
School lunch	2,100,715	1,298,380	-	(802,335)
Interest	2,761,654			(2,761,654)
<b>Total Primary Government</b>	\$ 153,106,251	\$ 1,873,188	\$ 2,411,218	\$ (148,821,845)
	General Revenues:			
	Property taxes			\$ 103,194,018
	Non property taxes			6,029,847
	State and federal ai	d		26,164,722
	Investment earning	S		511,123
	Compensation for l	oss		50,971
	Miscellaneous			1,108,342
	Total General R	evenues		\$ 137,059,023
	Changes in Net Pos	sition		\$ (11,762,822)
	Net Position, Begi	nning of Year		(144,962,777)
	Net Position, End	of Year		\$ (156,725,599)

#### **Balance Sheet**

#### **Governmental Funds**

June 30, 2020

			General		Nonmajor overnmental	Ge	Total overnmental
ASSETS			<b>Fund</b>		<b>Funds</b>		<b>Funds</b>
Cash and cash equivalents		\$	53,890,958	\$	6,875,469	\$	60,766,427
Receivables			4,084,471		918,963		5,003,434
Inventories			-		57,760		57,760
Due from other funds			930,409		3,177,353		4,107,762
Prepaid items		_	50,387	_	-	_	50,387
TOTAL ASSETS		\$	58,956,225	\$	11,029,545	\$	69,985,770
LIABILITIES AND FUND B	ALANCES						
<u>Liabilities</u> -							
Accounts payable		\$	1,499,139	\$	319,210	\$	1,818,349
Accrued liabilities			510,345		2,737		513,082
Due to other funds			3,177,353		930,409		4,107,762
Due to TRS			4,395,512		-		4,395,512
Due to ERS			626,670		-		626,670
Compensated absences			659,316		12,628		671,944
Unearned revenue			564		209,771		210,335
TOTAL LIABILITIES		\$	10,868,899	\$	1,474,755	\$	12,343,654
<b>Fund Balances</b> -							
Nonspendable		\$	50,387	\$	57,760	\$	108,147
Restricted			37,934,767		8,958,212		46,892,979
Assigned			4,572,492		538,818		5,111,310
Unassigned			5,529,680		<del></del>		5,529,680
TOTAL FUND BALAN		\$	48,087,326	\$	9,554,790	\$	57,642,116
TOTAL LIABILITIES FUND BALANCES	AND	\$	58,956,225	\$	11,029,545		
	Amounts reported for govern				, , , , , ,		
	Statement of Net Position are			е			
	Capital assets used in governm			nancia	al recources		
	and therefore are not reported i			manci	ii resources		128,175,461
	•						120,173,401
	Interest is accrued on outstandi but not in the funds.	ing bon	ds in the stateme	nt of n	et position		(251,444)
		stions o	ma mot due and me	ario <b>h</b> la	in the		(===,)
	The following long-term obligations current period and therefore are						
	Serial bonds payable	e not re	ported in the gov	CHIIIIC	iliai fulius.		(60,210,000)
	OPEB						(305,296,211)
	Compensated absences						(5,517,857)
	Energy performance contract	te					(430,689)
	Net pension asset	LO .					7,028,192
	Deferred outflow - pension						30,798,807
	Deferred outflow - OPEB						62,653,471
	Net pension liability						(11,561,629)
	Deferred inflow - capital						(2,490,956)
	Deferred inflow - pension						(10,050,131)
	Deferred inflow - OPEB						(47,214,729)
	Net Position of Governmenta	l Activ	ities			\$	(156,725,599)

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

## For Year Ended June 30, 2020

REVENUES		General <u>Fund</u>		Nonmajor overnmental <u>Funds</u>	G	Total overnmental <u>Funds</u>
	\$	102 104 019	Φ		Φ	102 104 019
Real property taxes and tax items Non-property taxes	Ф	103,194,018 6,029,847	\$	-	\$	103,194,018 6,029,847
Charges for services		574,808		-		574,808
_		•		11 227		511,123
Use of money and property		499,886		11,237		50,971
Sale of property and compensation for loss Miscellaneous		50,971		160 490		,
		1,105,952		160,489		1,266,441
State sources		26,092,350		682,135		26,774,485
Federal sources		72,372		1,570,984		1,643,356
Sales		- 125 (20 20 4		1,298,380	Φ.	1,298,380
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	137,620,204	_\$_	3,723,225	\$	141,343,429
EXPENDITURES						
General support	\$	11,235,807	\$	-	\$	11,235,807
Instruction		67,715,264		2,410,202		70,125,466
Pupil transportation		3,673,924		1,137,091		4,811,015
Employee benefits		36,098,962		429,486		36,528,448
Debt service - principal		-		7,925,816		7,925,816
Debt service - interest		-		2,812,853		2,812,853
Cost of sales		-		467,335		467,335
Other expenses		-		724,772		724,772
Capital outlay		-		1,832,109		1,832,109
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	118,723,957	\$	17,739,664	\$	136,463,621
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES		_				
OVER EXPENDITURES	\$	18,896,247	\$	(14,016,439)	\$	4,879,808
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers - in	\$	40,800	\$	13,388,057	\$	13,428,857
Transfers - out		(13,388,057)		(40,800)		(13,428,857)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING				<u> </u>		
SOURCES (USES)	\$	(13,347,257)	\$	13,347,257	\$	-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	5,548,990	\$	(669,182)	\$	4,879,808
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR		42,538,336		10,223,972		52,762,308
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	48,087,326	\$	9,554,790	\$	57,642,116

# Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Statement of Activities For Year Ended June 30, 2020

#### NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES -TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

\$ 4,879,808

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The following are the amounts by which capital outlays and additions of assets are lower than depreciation in the current period:

Capital Outlay	\$ 1,832,109
Additions to Assets, Net	1,237,505
Depreciation	(8,251,098)

(5,181,484)

Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term obligations in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term obligations in the Statement of Net Position. The following details these items as they effect the governmental activities:

Debt Repayments 7,925,816

In the Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.

51,199

The net OPEB liability does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds.

(12,863,168)

(Increase) decrease in proportionate share of net pension asset/liability reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide for or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues or expenditures in the governmental funds

Teachers' Retirement System	(4,593,708)
Employees' Retirement System	(2,063,444)

Portion of deferred (inflow) / outflow recognized in long term debt

191,612

In the Statement of Activities, vacation pay, teachers' retirement incentive and judgments and claims are measured by the amount accrued during the year. In the governmental funds, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount actually paid. The following provides the differences of these items as presented in the governmental activities:

Compensated Absences

(109,453)

#### CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

\$ (11,762,822)

# Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2020

	P	Private Purpose <u>Trust</u>	Agency <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	132,014	\$ 1,793,984
Receivable from general fund		-	13,851
Investments		18,102	-
Prefunded flex benefits		-	31,852
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	150,116	\$ 1,839,687
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$ 17,434
Extraclassroom activity balances		-	273,313
Other liabilities		-	1,548,940
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	-	\$ 1,839,687
NET POSITION			
Restricted for scholarships	\$	150,116	
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	150,116	

# Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For Year Ended June 30, 2020

ADDITIONS	Private Purpose <u>Trust</u>	
Contributions	\$	29,144
Miscellaneous		7,439
Investment earnings		832
TOTAL ADDITIONS	\$	37,415
DEDUCTIONS		
Other expenses	\$	45,383
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	\$	45,383
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	(7,968)
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR		158,084
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$	150,116

#### Notes To The Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2020

#### I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Pittsford Central School District, New York (the District) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

#### A. Reporting Entity

The Pittsford Central School District is governed by the laws of New York State. The District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education consisting of seven members. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for, and controls all activities related to public school education within the District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management, and primary accountability for all fiscal matters.

The reporting entity of the District is based upon criteria set forth by GASB Statement 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by GASB Statement 39, *Component Units* and GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity*. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The District is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, the following is a brief review of certain entities included in the District's reporting entity.

#### 1. Extraclassroom Activity Funds

The extraclassroom activity funds of the District represent funds of the students of the District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The extraclassroom activity funds are independent of the District with respect to its financial transactions, and the designation of student management. Separate audited financial statements (cash basis) of the extraclassroom activity funds can be found at the District's business office. The District accounts for assets held as an agency for various student organizations in an agency fund.

#### **B.** Joint Venture

The District is a component of the First Supervisory District of Monroe County Board of Cooperative Educational Services (BOCES). The BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that shares planning, services, and programs which provide educational and support activities. There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component.

BOCES are organized under §1950 of the New York State Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of §1950 of the New York State Education Law. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation (§1950(6)). In addition, BOCES Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under §119-n(a) of the New York State General Municipal Law.

A BOCES' budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program, and capital costs. Each component school district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment as defined in Education Law, Section 1950(4)(b)(7). In addition, component districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate.

During the year, the District was billed \$10,983,154 for BOCES administrative and program costs.

The District's share of BOCES aid amounted to \$3,824,996.

Financial statements for the BOCES are available from the BOCES administrative office.

#### C. Basis of Presentation

#### 1. Districtwide Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the District's governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, state aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and non-exchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while the capital grants column reflects capital specific grants.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between program expenses and revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses, principally employee benefits, are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended for those areas. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

#### 2. Fund Statements

The fund statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category (governmental and fiduciary) are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The District reports the following governmental funds:

#### a. <u>Major Governmental Funds</u>

<u>General Fund</u> - This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial transactions that are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

**b.** <u>Nonmajor Governmental</u> - The other funds which are not considered major are aggregated and reported as nonmajor governmental funds as follows:

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> - Used to account for the financial resources used for acquisition, construction, or major repair of capital facilities.

**Special Aid Fund** - This fund accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, such as federal and state grants, that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. These legal restrictions may be imposed either by governments that provide the funds, or by outside parties.

<u>School Lunch Fund</u> - Used to account for transactions of the District's lunch, breakfast and milk programs.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources and the payment of principal and interest on long-term obligations for governmental activities.

**c.** <u>Fiduciary</u> - Fiduciary activities are those in which the District acts as trustee or agent for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the District-wide financial statements, because their resources do not belong to the District, and are not available to be used. There are two classes of fiduciary funds:

<u>Private Purpose Trust Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for trust arrangements in which principal and income benefit annual third party awards and scholarships for students. Established criteria govern the use of the funds and members of the District or representatives of the donors may serve on committees to determine who benefits.

<u>Agency Funds</u> - These funds are strictly custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. Assets are held by the District as agent for various student groups or extraclassroom activity funds and for payroll or employee withholding.

#### D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The District-Wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measureable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within one year after the end of the fiscal year.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

#### E. Property Taxes

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education no later than September 1, and become a lien on August 6, 2019. Taxes are collected during the period September 1 to October 31, 2019.

Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by the County of Monroe, in which the District is located. The County pays an amount representing uncollected real property taxes transmitted to the County for enforcement to the District no later than the following April 1.

#### F. Restricted Resources

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements, many of which are described elsewhere in these notes.

#### **G.** Interfund Transactions

The operations of the District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowing. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include the transfer of expenditures and revenues to provide financing or other services.

In the District-wide statements, the amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position for interfund receivables and payables represent amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for all interfund receivables and payables between the funds.

The governmental funds report all interfund transactions as originally recorded. Interfund receivables and payables may be netted on the accompanying governmental funds balance sheet when it is the District's practice to settle these amounts at a net balance based upon the right of legal offset.

Refer to Note VII for a detailed disclosure by individual fund for interfund receivables, payables, expenditures, and revenues activity.

#### H. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of encumbrances, compensated absences, potential contingent liabilities and useful lives of long-lived assets.

#### I. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

New York State Law governs the District's investment policies. Resources must be deposited in FDIC-insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. Permissible investments include obligations of the United States Treasury, United States Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and Districts.

Investments are stated at fair value.

#### J. Receivables

Receivables are shown gross, with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-off method. An allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided in the amount of \$5,000 as of June 30, 2020.

#### K. Inventory and Prepaid Items

Inventories of food and/or supplies for school lunch are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis or, in the case of surplus food, at stated value which approximates market. Purchases of inventoriable items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase, and are considered immaterial in amount.

Prepaid items represent payments made by the District for which benefits extend beyond year end. These payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the District-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the statement of net position or balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of purchase and an expense/expenditure is reported in the year the goods or services are consumed.

A non-spendable fund balance for these non-liquid assets (inventories and prepaid items) has been recognized to signify that a portion of fund balance is not available for other subsequent expenditures.

#### L. Capital Assets

In the District-wide financial statements, capital assets are accounted for at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated capital assets which are recorded at their acquisition value at the date of donation.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. A capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is used to report capital assets. The range of estimated useful lives by type of assets is as follows:

	Cap	italization	Depreciation	Estimated
<u>Class</u>	<u>Tł</u>	reshold	<b>Method</b>	<b>Useful Life</b>
Buildings	\$	50,000	SL	15-50 Years
Machinery and Equipment	\$	5,000	$\operatorname{SL}$	5-25 Years

The investment in infrastructure type assets have not been segregated for reporting purposes since all costs associated with capital projects are consolidated and reported as additions to buildings and improvements.

#### M. Unearned Revenue

The District reports unearned revenues on its Statement of Net Position and its Balance Sheet. On the Statement of Net Position, unearned revenue arises when resources are received by the District before it has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when the District has legal claim to resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed and revenue is recognized.

#### N. <u>Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources</u>

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses/expenditure) until then. The government has four items that qualify for reporting in this category. First is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The second item is related to pensions reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset or liability and difference during the measurement period between the District's contributions and its proportion share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense. The third item is the District contributions to the pension systems (TRS and ERS Systems) and OPEB subsequent to the measurement date. The fourth item relates to OPEB reporting in the district-wide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change in the actual and expected experience.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has four items that qualify for reporting in this category. First arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting and is reported as unavailable revenue-property taxes. The second item is related to pensions reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension liability (ERS System) and difference during the measurement periods between the District's contributions and its proportion share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense. The third item is revenues from grants received that have met all other eligibility requirements except those related to time restrictions. The fourth item is related to OPEB reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect on the net changes of assumptions or other inputs.

#### O. Vested Employee Benefits

### 1. <u>Compensated Absences</u>

Compensated absences consist of unpaid accumulated annual sick leave, vacation, and sabbatical time.

Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in negotiated labor contracts, and in individual employment contracts. Upon retirement, resignation or death, employees may contractually receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave.

Certain District employees are granted vacation in varying amounts, based primarily on length of service and service position. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken within varying time periods.

Consistent with GASB Statement 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, the liability has been calculated using the vesting/termination method and an accrual for that liability is included in the District-wide financial statements. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year end.

In the funds statements only the amount of matured liabilities is accrued within the General Fund based upon expendable and available financial resources. These amounts are expensed on a pay-as-you-go basis.

#### P. Other Benefits

District employees participate in the New York State Employees' Retirement System and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System.

District employees may choose to participate in the District's elective deferred compensation plans established under Internal Revenue Code Sections 403(b) and 457.

In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides post-employment health coverage to retired employees in accordance with the provision of various employment contracts in effect at the time of retirement. Substantially all of the District's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. Health care benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The cost of providing post-retirement benefits may be shared between the District and the retired employee. The District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure.

#### Q. Short-Term Debt

The District may issue Bond Anticipation Notes (BAN), in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds. These notes are recorded as current liabilities of the funds that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of bonds. State law requires that a BAN issued for capital purposes be converted to long-term financing within five years after the original issue date.

#### R. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

Payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the district-wide financial statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources. Claims and judgments, other postemployment benefits payable and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the funds financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Long-term obligations represent the District's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due in one year or due within more than one year in the Statement of Net Position.

#### S. **Equity Classifications**

#### 1. <u>District-Wide Statements</u>

In the District-wide statements there are three classes of net position:

- **a.** <u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, constructions or improvements of those assets.
- **b.** Restricted Net Position reports net position when constraints placed on the assets or deferred outflows of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

On the Statement of Net Position the following balances represent the restricted for other purposes:

		<u>Total</u>
Workers' Compensation	\$	421,301
Unemployment Costs		2,364,940
Reserve for ERS		2,405,949
Reserve for TRS		1,777,435
Insurance		1,188,430
Tax Certiorari		1,249,340
Debt		2,990,842
Liability		1,497,289
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability		3,119,132
<b>Total Net Position - Restricted for</b>		
Other Purposes	\$	17,014,658
	_	

**c.** <u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> - reports the balance of net position that does not meet the definition of the above two classifications and is deemed to be available for general use by the District.

#### 2. Fund Statements

In the fund basis statements there are five classifications of fund balance:

**a.** <u>Nonspendable Fund Balance</u> – Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Nonspendable fund balance includes:

	<u>Total</u>
Inventory in School Lunch	\$ 57,760
Prepaid Items	 50,387
<b>Total Nonspendable Fund Balance</b>	\$ 108,147

**Restricted Fund Balances** – Includes amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. All encumbrances of funds other than the general fund are classified as restricted fund balance. The District has established the following restricted fund balances:

<u>Capital Reserve</u> - According to Education Law §3651, must be used to pay the cost of any object or purpose for which bonds may be issued. The creation of a capital reserve fund requires authorization by a majority of the voters establishing the purpose of the reserve; the ultimate amount, its probable term and the source of the funds. Expenditures may be made from the reserve only for a specific purpose further authorized by the voters. The form for required legal notice for the vote on establishing and funding the reserve and the form of the proposition to be placed on the ballot are set forth in §3651 of the Education Law. The Reserve is accounted for in the General Fund under restricted fund balance. Year end balances are as follows:

			1 otai
Name	Maximum	<b>Total Funding</b>	Year to Date
of Reserve	<b>Funding</b>	<b>Provided</b>	<b>Balance</b>
May 2015 Bus Capital Reserve	\$ 15,000,000	\$ 11,867,036	\$ 4,935,714
Technology Capital Reserve	\$ 10,000,000	\$ 2,400,000	\$ 2,409,003
Building Capital Reserve	\$ 39,000,000	\$ 33,815,392	\$ 16,566,234

Reserve for Debt Service - According to General Municipal Law §6-1, the Reserve for Debt Service must be established for the purpose of retiring the outstanding obligations upon the sale of District property or capital improvement that was financed by obligations that remain outstanding at the time of the sale. Also, earnings on project monies invested together with unused proceeds are reported here.

<u>Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve</u> - According to General Municipal Law §6-p, must be used for the payment of accrued employee benefits due to an employee upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated.

Insurance Reserve - According to General Municipal Law §6-n, must be used to pay liability, casualty and other types of losses, except losses incurred for which the following types of insurance may be purchased: life, accident, health, annuities, fidelity and surety, credit, title residual value and mortgage guarantee. In addition, this reserve may not be used for any purpose for which a special reserve may be established pursuant to law (for example, for unemployment compensation insurance). The reserve may be established by Board action, and funded by budgetary appropriation, or such other funds as may be legally appropriated. There is no limit on the amount that may be accumulated in the Insurance Reserve, however, the annual contribution to this reserve may not exceed the greater of \$33,000 or 5% of the budget. Settled or compromised claims up to \$25,000 may be paid from the reserve without judicial approval.

<u>Liability Reserve</u> - According to General Municipal Law §1709(8)(c), must be used to pay for property loss and liability claims incurred. Separate funds for property loss and liability claims are required, and this reserve may not in total exceed 3% of the annual budget or \$15,000, whichever is greater.

<u>Retirement Contribution Reserve</u> - According to General Municipal Law §6-r, must be used financing retirement contributions. The reserve must be accounted for separate and apart from all other funds and a detailed report of the operation and condition of the fund must be provided to the Board.

<u>Teachers' Retirement Reserve</u> – General Municipal Law §6r was amended to include a Teachers' Retirement Reserve (TRS) sub-fund. The reserve has an annual funding limit of 2% of the prior year TRS salaries and a maximum cumulative total balance of 10% of the previous years TRS salary.

<u>Tax Certiorari Reserve</u> - According to General Municipal Law §3651.1-a, must be used to establish a reserve fund for tax certiorari claims and to expend from the fund without voter approval. The monies held in the reserve shall not exceed the amount which might reasonably be deemed necessary to meet anticipated judgments and claims arising out of tax certiorari proceedings. Any resources deposited to the reserve which are not expended for tax certiorari proceeding in the year such monies are deposited must be returned to the General Fund on or before the first day of the fourth fiscal year after deposit of these monies.

<u>Unemployment Insurance Reserve</u> - According to General Municipal Law §6-m, must be used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. If the District elects to convert to tax (contribution) basis, excess resources in the fund over the sum sufficient to pay pending claims may be transferred to any other reserve fund.

<u>Workers' Compensation Reserve</u> - According to General Municipal Law §6-j, must be used to pay for compensation benefits and other expenses authorized by Article 2 of the Workers' Compensation Law, and for payment of expenses of administering this self-insurance program. The reserve may be established by Board action, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget.

**Encumbrances** - Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments of expenditures are recorded for budgetary control purposes in order to reserve applicable appropriations, is employed as a control in preventing over-expenditure of established appropriations. Open encumbrances are reported as restricted fund balance in all funds other than the General Fund and School Lunch Fund, since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities and will be honored through budget appropriations in the subsequent year.

Restricted fund balances include the following:

	<u>Total</u>
General Fund -	
Capital	\$ 23,910,951
Workers' Compensation	421,301
Unemployment Costs	2,364,940
Reserve for ERS	2,405,949
Reserve for TRS	1,777,435
Insurance	1,188,430
Tax Certiorari	1,249,340
Liability	1,497,289
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability	3,119,132
Capital Fund -	
Bus Purchase Reserve 2020-21	1,517,553
2014-2015 Renovations	24,428
2015-2016 Renovations	42,939
2016-2017 Renovations	121,072
2017-18 Renovations	250,000
2018-19 Renovations	250,000
2019-20 Renovations	685,000
2019 Capital Improvement Project	1,479,272
BOCES Capital Project	1,597,106
Debt Service Fund -	
Debt Service	2,990,842
<b>Total Restricted Fund Balance</b>	\$ 46,892,979

The District appropriated and/or budgeted funds from the following reserves for the 2020-21 budget:

	<u>Total</u>
Workers' Compensation	\$ 75,000
Unemployment Costs	30,000
Reserve for ERS	300,000
Reserve for TRS	300,000
Debt	230,517
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability	450,000
Total	\$ 1,385,517

- **c.** <u>Committed</u> Includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the school districts highest level of decision making authority, i.e., the Board of Education. The District has no committed fund balances as of June 30, 2020.
- **d.** <u>Assigned Fund Balance</u> Includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. All encumbrances of the General Fund are classified as assigned fund balance. Encumbrances represent purchase commitments made by the District's purchasing agent through their authorization of a purchase order prior to year end. The District assignment is based on the functional level of expenditures.

Management has determined significant encumbrances for the General Fund to be \$165,000, and the Capital Projects Fund to be \$6,000. The District reports the following significant encumbrances:

555
355
322
914
776
167
722

Assigned fund balances include the following:

	<u>Total</u>
General Fund - Encumbrances	\$ 2,236,102
General Fund - Appropriated for Taxes	2,336,390
Special Aid Fund - Drivers Education Program	19,607
Special Aid Fund - Summer Enrichment	9,703
School Lunch Fund - Year End Equity	509,508
<b>Total Assigned Fund Balance</b>	\$ 5,111,310

e. <u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> –Includes all other general fund amounts that do not meet the definition of the above four classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the school district and could report a surplus or deficit. In funds other than the general fund, the unassigned classification is used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted or assigned.

NYS Real Property Tax Law 1318 limits the amount of unexpended surplus funds a school district can retain to no more than 4% of the District's budget for the general fund for the ensuing fiscal year. Nonspendable and restricted fund balance of the general fund are excluded from the 4% limitation. Amounts appropriated for the subsequent year and encumbrances are also excluded from the 4% limitation.

#### 3. Order of Use of Fund Balance

The District's policy is to apply expenditures against nonspendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year. For all funds, nonspendable fund balances are determined first and then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined. Any remaining fund balance amounts for funds other than the general fund are classified as restricted fund balance. In the general fund, the remaining amounts are reported as unassigned. Assignments of fund balance cannot cause a negative unassigned fund balance.

#### T. New Accounting Standards

The District has adopted all current Statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) that are applicable. At June 30, 2020, the District implemented the following new standards issued by GASB:

GASB has issued Statement 92, Omnibus 2020, Paragraphs 1-11a, and 12.

GASB has issued Statement No. 95, Postponement of the Effective Dates for Certain Authoritative Guidance.

#### **U.** Future Changes in Accounting Standards

GASB has issued Statement 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, which will effective for the periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

GASB has issued Statement 87, *Leases*, which will be effective for the periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

GASB has issued Statement 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020.

GASB has issued Statement No. 90, *Majority Equity Interests, an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

GASB has issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021.

GASB has issued Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020, Paragraphs 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

GASB has issued Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates, Paragraphs 1-11a, and 12*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2020.

GASB has issued Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates, Paragraphs 13 and 14*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

GASB has issued Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates, Paragraphs 11b*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021.

GASB has issued Statement No. 94, Public-Privatee and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

The District will evaluate the impact each of these pronouncements may have on its financial statements and will implement them as applicable and when material.

#### II. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

By its nature as a local government unit, the District is subject to various federal, state and local laws and contractual regulations. An analysis of the District's compliance with significant laws and regulations and demonstration of its stewardship over District resources follows.

#### A. Budgets

The District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the General Fund.

The voters of the District approved the proposed appropriation budget.

Appropriations established by adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances) which may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the planned use of specific reserves, and budget amendments approved by the Board of Education as a result of selected new revenue sources not included in the original budget (when permitted by law). These supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restriction, if the Board approves them because of a need which exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted. During the 2019-20 fiscal year, the budget was increased by \$1,517,553 from the bus purchase reserve, \$277,353 for transfers to the school lunch fund, \$114,353 for the liability reserve, \$30,934 for the tax certiorari reserve and \$3,855 for donations.

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.

Budgets are established and used for individual capital projects fund expenditures as approved by a special referendum of the District's voters. The maximum project amount authorized is based primarily upon the cost of the project, plus any requirements for external borrowings, not annual appropriations. These budgets do not lapse and are carried over to subsequent fiscal years until the completion of the projects.

## B. <u>Encumbrances</u>

Encumbrance accounting is used for budget control and monitoring purposes and is reported as a part of the governmental funds. Under this method, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve applicable appropriations. Outstanding encumbrances as of year end are presented as reservations of fund balance and do not represent expenditures or liabilities. These commitments will be honored in the subsequent period. Related expenditures are recognized at that time, as the liability is incurred or the commitment is paid.

## C. Deficit Net Position

The District-wide net position had a deficit at June 30, 2020 of \$156,725,599. The deficit is the result of the implementation of GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions", which required the recognition of an unfunded liability of \$305,296,211at June 30, 2020. Since New York State Laws provide no mechanism for funding the liability, the subsequent accruals are expected to increase the deficit.

## III. Cash and Cash Equivalents

**Credit risk:** In compliance with the State Law, District investments are limited to obligations of the United States of America, obligations guaranteed by agencies of the Unites States of America where the payment of principal and interest are guaranteed by the United States of America, obligations of the State, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit issued by a bank or trust company located in, and authorized to do business in, the State, and obligations issued by other municipalities and authorities within the State.

**Concentration of Credit risk:** To promote competition in rates and service cost, and to limit the risk of institutional failure, District deposits and investments are placed with multiple institutions. The District's investment policy limits the amounts that may be deposited with any one financial institution.

**Interest rate risk:** The District has an investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates.

The District's aggregate bank balances, included balances not covered by depository insurance at year end, collateralized as follows:

Total	\$ 61,166,680
Collateralized within Trust Department or Agent	16,337,445
Financial Institution	44,829,235
Collateralized with Securities held by the Pledging	
Uncollateralized	\$ -

Restricted cash represents cash where use is limited by legal requirements. These assets represent amounts required by statute to be reserved for various purposes. Restricted cash as of year-end includes \$46,892,979 within the governmental funds and \$132,014 in the fiduciary funds.

## **IV.** Investments

The District has few investments (primarily donated scholarship funds), and chooses to disclose its investments by specifically identifying each. The District's investment policy for these investments is also governed by New York State statutes. Investments are stated at fair value, and are categorized as either:

- **A.** Insured or registered, or investments held by the District or by the District's agent in the District's name, or
- **B.** Uninsured and unregistered, with the investments held by the financial institutes trust department in the District's name, or
- C. Uninsured and unregistered, with investments held by the financial institution or its trust department, but not in the District's name.

				Unre	ealized		
		C	arrying	Inves	stment	Type of	
<b>Investments</b>	<b>Fund</b>	<u>A</u>	mount	<u>Gain</u>	/(Loss)	<b>Invesment</b>	<b>Category</b>
Dow Chemical	TE	\$	18,102	\$	-	Stock	В

The District does not typically purchase investments for a long enough duration to cause it to believe that it is exposed to any material interest rate risk.

## V. <u>Investment Pool</u>

The District participates in a multi-municipal cooperative investment pool agreement pursuant to New York State General Municipal Law Article 5-G, §119-O, whereby it holds a portion of the investments in cooperation with other participants. The investments are highly liquid and are considered to be cash equivalents.

Total investments of the cooperative as of year end are \$1,202,164 which consisted of \$77,179 in repurchase agreements, \$738,008 in U.S. Treasury Securities, \$69,726 in FDIC insured deposits and \$317,251 in collateralized bank deposits, with various interest rates and due dates.

The following amounts are included as unrestricted and restricted cash:

	Bank	(	Carrying	Description
<b>Fund</b>	<b>Amount</b>		Amount	of Investment
General Fund	\$ 1,000,613	\$	1,000,613	CLASS
School Lunch Fund	\$ 201,551	\$	201,551	CLASS

## VI. Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2020 for individual major funds and nonmajor funds, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	<b>Governmental Activities</b>					
		General	General Non-Major			
<b>Description</b>		<b>Fund</b>		<b>Funds</b>		<u>Total</u>
Accounts Receivable	\$	114,299	\$	2,879	\$	117,178
Due From State and Federal		2,332,504		916,084		3,248,588
Due From Other Governments		1,642,668		-		1,642,668
Allowance for Uncollectible						
Uncollectible Accounts		(5,000)		-		(5,000)
<b>Total Receivables</b>	\$	4,084,471	\$	918,963	\$	5,003,434

## VII. Interfund Receivables, Payables, Revenues and Expenditures

Interfund Receivables, Payables, Revenues and Expenditures at June 30, 2020 were as follows:

	<b>Interfund</b>					
	Receivables	<b>Payables</b>	Revenues	<b>Expenditures</b>		
General Fund	\$ 930,409	\$ 3,177,353	\$ 40,800	\$ 13,388,057		
Special Aid Fund	-	930,409	169,482	-		
School Lunch Fund	277,353	-	277,353	-		
Debt Service Fund	-	-	10,738,669	-		
Capital Projects Fund	2,900,000		2,202,553	40,800		
Total	\$ 4,107,762	\$ 4,107,762	\$ 13,428,857	\$ 13,428,857		

Interfund receivables and payables between governmental activities are eliminated on the Statement of Net Position. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of mitigating the effects of transient cash flow issues. All interfund payables are not necessarily expected to be repaid within one year.

Transfers are used to finance certain special aid programs, support capital project expenditures, and debt service expenditures.

## VIII. Capital Assets

Capital asset balances and activity were as follows:

	Balance						Balance
<u>Type</u>	<u>7/1/2019</u>	<b>Additions</b>		<b>Deletions</b>		<u>6/30/2020</u>	
<b>Governmental Activities:</b>							
Capital Assets that are not Depreciated -							
Land	\$ 678,810	\$	-	\$	-	\$	678,810
Work in progress	 138,580		1,832,109		1,058,101		912,588
Total Nondepreciable	\$ 817,390	\$	1,832,109	\$	1,058,101	\$	1,591,398
Capital Assets that are Depreciated -							
<b>Buildings and Improvements</b>	\$ 230,474,105	\$	849,863	\$	-	\$	231,323,968
Machinery and equipment	 18,805,454		1,475,436		848,976		19,431,914
Total Depreciated Assets	\$ 249,279,559	\$	2,325,299	\$	848,976	\$	250,755,882
<b>Less Accumulated Depreciation -</b>	_		_				_
<b>Buildings and Improvements</b>	\$ 107,132,425	\$	6,487,938	\$	-	\$	113,620,363
Machinery and equipment	 9,607,579		1,763,160		819,283		10,551,456
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 116,740,004	\$	8,251,098	\$	819,283	\$	124,171,819
Total Capital Assets Depreciated, Net							
of Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 132,539,555	\$	(5,925,799)	\$	29,693	\$	126,584,063
<b>Total Capital Assets</b>	\$ 133,356,945	\$	(4,093,690)	\$	1,087,794	\$	128,175,461

Depreciation expense for the period was charged to functions/programs as follows:

## **Governmental Activities:**

General Government Support	\$ 238,739
Instruction	6,130,076
Pupil Transportation	1,563,084
School Lunch	319,199
<b>Total Depreciation Expense</b>	\$ 8,251,098

## IX. <u>Long-Term Debt Obligations</u>

Long-term liability balances and activity for the year are summarized below:

	Balance 7/1/2019	Additions	Deletions	Balance 6/30/2020	_	ue Within One Year
<b>Governmental Activities:</b>					-	
<b>Bonds and Notes Payable -</b>						
Serial Bonds	\$ 67,305,000	\$ -	\$ 7,095,000	\$ 60,210,000	\$	7,420,000
<b>Energy Performance Contracts</b>	1,261,505	 	 830,816	 430,689		430,689
<b>Total Bonds and Notes Payable</b>	\$ 68,566,505	\$ 	\$ 7,925,816	\$ 60,640,689	\$	7,850,689
Other Liabilities -						
Net Pension Liability	\$ 3,184,369	\$ 8,377,260	\$ -	\$ 11,561,629	\$	-
OPEB	275,302,834	29,993,377	-	305,296,211		-
Compensated Absences	5,991,886	197,915	-	6,189,801		671,944
<b>Total Other Liabilities</b>	\$ 284,479,089	\$ 38,568,552	\$ -	\$ 323,047,641	\$	671,944
<b>Total Long-Term Obligations</b>	\$ 353,045,594	\$ 38,568,552	\$ 7,925,816	\$ 383,688,330	\$	8,522,633

The General Fund has typically been used to liquidate long-term liabilities such as compensated absences.

Existing serial and statutory bond obligations:

<u>Description</u>	Original <u>Amount</u>	Issue <u>Date</u>	Final <u>Maturity</u>	Interest <u>Rate</u>	Amount Outstanding <u>6/30/2020</u>
<u>Serial Bonds -</u>					
Refunding Bond	\$ 35,585,000	2012	2023	2.0%-4.0%	\$ 14,535,000
Refunding Bond	\$ 29,465,000	2013	2033	2.0%-5.0%	23,200,000
2012 Construction	\$ 25,030,000	2018	2034	3.25%-5.00%	22,475,000
Total Serial Bonds					\$ 60,210,000
<b>Energy Performance Contract -</b>					
Energy Performance Contract	\$ 8,908,120	2005	2021	4.84%	\$ 430,689

The following is a summary of debt service requirements:

Serial	Energy Perform	ormance Contract			
<b>Principal</b>	<u>Interest</u>	<b>Principal</b>	<u>Interest</u>		
\$ 7,420,000	\$ 2,464,175	\$ 430,689	\$ 7,858		
7,760,000	2,147,875	-	-		
8,120,000	1,816,825	-	-		
3,205,000	1,568,450	-	-		
3,380,000	1,406,075	-	-		
19,350,000	4,610,563	-	-		
10,975,000	670,500				
\$ 60,210,000	\$ 14,684,463	\$ 430,689	\$ 7,858		
	Principal \$ 7,420,000 7,760,000 8,120,000 3,205,000 3,380,000 19,350,000 10,975,000	\$ 7,420,000 \$ 2,464,175 7,760,000 2,147,875 8,120,000 1,816,825 3,205,000 1,568,450 3,380,000 1,406,075 19,350,000 4,610,563 10,975,000 670,500	Principal         Interest         Principal           \$ 7,420,000         \$ 2,464,175         \$ 430,689           7,760,000         2,147,875         -           8,120,000         1,816,825         -           3,205,000         1,568,450         -           3,380,000         1,406,075         -           19,350,000         4,610,563         -           10,975,000         670,500         -		

In prior years, the District defeased certain general obligations and other bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the District's financial statements. \$39,250,000 of bonds outstanding are considered defeased.

Interest on long-term debt for June 30, 2020 was composed of:

<b>Total Long-Term Interest Expense</b>	\$ 2,761,654
Plus: Interest Accrued in the Current Year	251,444
Less: Interest Accrued in the Prior Year	(302,643)
Interest Paid	\$ 2,812,853

## X. Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources

The following is a summary of the deferred inflows/outflows of resources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	<b>Outflows</b>	<b>Inflows</b>
Pension	\$ 30,798,807	\$ 10,050,131
Bonds	-	2,490,956
OPEB	62,653,471	47,214,729
Total	\$ 93,452,278	\$ 59,755,816

## **XI.** Pension Plans

## A. General Information

The District participates in the New York State Teacher's Retirement System (TRS) and the New York State and Local Employee's Retirement System (ERS). These are cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement systems. The Systems offer a wide range of plans and benefits, which are related to years of service and final average salary, vesting of retirement benefits, death, and disability.

## B. **Provisions and Administration**

A 10 member Board of Trustees of the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board administers TRS. TRS provides benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (NYSRSSL). Membership is mandatory and automatic for all full-time teachers, teaching assistants, guidance counselors and administrators employed in New York Public Schools and BOCES who elected to participate in TRS. Once a public employer elects to participate in the system, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that contains financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to NYRS, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, New York 12211-2395 or by referring to the TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial report, which can be found on the System's website at www.nystrs.org.

ERS provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. NYSRSSL govern obligations of employers and employees to contribute, and benefits to employees. Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. ERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to NYSERS, Office of the State Comptroller, 110 State Street, Albany, New York 12244 or by referring to the ERS Comprehensive Annual Report, which can be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php.

## C. Funding Policies

The Systems are noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3 percent of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010 who generally contribute 3.0 to 3.5 percent of their salary for their entire length of service. In addition, employee contribution rates under ERS tier VI vary based on a sliding salary scale. For TRS, contribution rates are established annually by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board pursuant to Article 11 of the Education Law. For ERS, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions for the ERS' fiscal year ended March 31. The District paid 100% of the required contributions as billed by the TRS and ERS for the current year.

The District's share of the required contributions, based on covered payroll paid for the District's year ended June 30, 2020:

<b>Contributions</b>	<b>ERS</b>	<b>TRS</b>
2020	\$ 2.169.309	\$ 4.395.512

## D. <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> Inflows of Resources related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the District reported the following asset/(liability) for its proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) for each of the Systems. The net pension asset/(liability) was measured as of March 31, 2020 for ERS and June 30, 2019 for TRS. The total pension asset/(liability) used to calculate the net pension asset/(liability) was determined by an actuarial valuation. The District's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability) was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the Systems relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the TRS and ERS Systems in reports provided to the District.

	<b>ERS</b>	<b>TRS</b>
Measurement date	March 31, 2020	June 30, 2019
Net pension assets/(liability)	\$ (11,561,629)	\$ 7,028,192
District's portion of the Plan's total		
net pension asset/(liability)	0.0437%	0.2705%

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized pension expenses of \$4,230,244 for ERS and \$8,703,455 for TRS. At June 30, 2020 the District's reported deferred outflows of resources and defered inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred of Re	 	Deferred of Res	 
	ERS	TRS	ERS	TRS
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 680,449	\$ 4,762,826	\$ -	\$ 522,630
Changes of assumptions	232,796	13,277,195	201,016	3,237,356
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments  Changes in proportion and differences	5,927,053	-	-	5,636,248
between the District's contributions and proportionate share of contributions Subtotal	\$ 846,704 7,687,002	\$ 243,970 18,283,991	\$ 181,546 382,562	\$ 271,335 9,667,569
District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	626,670	4,201,144		
Grand Total	\$ 8,313,672	\$ 22,485,135	\$ 382,562	\$ 9,667,569

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<b>Year</b>	<b>ERS</b>	<b>TRS</b>
2020	\$ -	\$ 3,191,539
2021	1,358,995	213,643
2022	1,863,209	3,180,015
2023	2,282,529	2,095,721
2024	1,799,707	213,441
Thereafter		(277,937)
Total	\$ 7,304,440	\$ 8,616,422

## E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to the measurement date. The actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions:

	<u>ERS</u>	<u>TRS</u>
Measurement date	March 31, 2020	June 30, 2019
Actuarial valuation date	April 1, 2019	June 30, 2018
Interest rate	6.80%	7.10%
Salary scale	4.20%	4.72%-1.90%
Decrement tables	April 1, 2010- March 31, 2015 System's Experience	July 1, 2009- June 30, 2014 System's Experience
Inflation rate	2.50%	2.20%
COLA's	1.30%	1.30%

For ERS, annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2010 – March 31, 2015 System experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on the Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2018. For TRS, annuitant mortality rates are based on plan member experience adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2018.

The long term rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of March 31, 2020 are summarized as follows:

Long Term Expected Rate of Return			
	ERS	TRS	
Measurement date	March 31, 2020	June 30, 2019	
Asset Type -			
Domestic equity	4.05%	6.30%	
International equity	6.15%	7.80%	
Global equity	0.00%	2.00%	
Private equity	6.75%	9.90%	
Real estate	4.95%	4.60%	
Absolute return strategies *	3.25%	0.00%	
Opportunistic portfolios	4.65%	0.00%	
Real assets	5.95%	0.00%	
Bonds and mortgages	0.75%	0.00%	
Cash	0.00%	0.00%	
Inflation-indexed bonds	0.50%	0.00%	
Private debt	0.00%	6.50%	
Real estate debt	0.00%	2.90%	
High-yield fixed income securities	0.00%	3.60%	
Domestic fixed income securities	0.00%	1.30%	
Global fixed income securities	0.00%	0.90%	
Short-term	0.00%	0.30%	

The real rate of return is net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2.5% for ERS and 2.2% for TRS.

\* Excludes equity-oriented long-only funds. For investment management purposes, these funds are included in domestic equity and international equity.

## F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 6.8% for ERS and 7.10% for TRS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the Systems' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

## G. Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.80% for ERS and 7.10% for TRS, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentagepoint lower (5.80% for ERS and 6.10% for TRS) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.80% for ERS and 8.10% for TRS) than the current assumption:

ERS Employer's proportionate share of the net pension	1% Decrease (5.80%)	Current Assumption (6.80%)	1% Increase (7.80%)
asset (liability)	\$ (21,218,853)	\$ (11,561,629)	\$ (2,667,284)
TRS Employer's proportionate	1% Decrease (6.10%)	Current Assumption (7.10%)	1% Increase (8.10%)
share of the net pension asset (liability)	\$ (31,724,526)	\$ 7,028,192	\$ 39,537,349

## H. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current year net pension asset/(liability) of the employers as of the respective valuation dates, were as follows:

	(In Tho	usands)
	<b>ERS</b>	TRS
Measurement date	March 31, 2020	June 30, 2019
Employers' total pension liability	\$ 194,596,261	\$ 119,879,474
Plan net position	168,115,682	122,477,481
Employers' net pension asset/(liability)	\$ (26,480,579)	\$ 2,598,007
Ratio of plan net position to the	97.200/	102.200/
employers' total pension asset/(liability)	86.39%	102.20%

## I. Payables to the Pension Plan

For ERS, employer contributions are paid annually based on the System's fiscal year which ends on March 31<sup>st</sup>. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2020 represent the projected employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2020 through June 30, 2020 based on paid ERS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2020 amounted to \$626,670.

For TRS, employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 are paid to the System in September, October and November 2020 through a state aid intercept. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2020 represent employee and employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 based on paid TRS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier and employee contributions for the fiscal year as reported to the TRS System. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2020 amounted to \$4,395,512.

## **XII.** Postemployment Benefits

## A. General Information About the OPEB Plan

Plan Description – The District's defined benefit OPEB plan, provides OPEB for all permanent full-time general and public safety employees of the District. The plan is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the District. Article 11 of the State Compiled Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements to the District Board. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

Benefits Provided – The District provides healthcare and life insurance benefits for retirees and their dependents. The benefit terms are dependent on which contract each employee falls under. The specifics of each contract are on file at the District offices and are available upon request.

*Employees Covered by Benefit Terms* – At March 31, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Total	2,160
Active Employees	1,102
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	1,058

## B. Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability of \$305,296,211 was measured as of March 31, 2020, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. This liability is calculated based on the various employment contracts that the District has negotiated. From a budgeting process the District currently is on a pay as you go basis for retiree's which means the District employment budgets the annual cash cost associated with this benefit for retirees and pays that cost to an insurance carrier.

New York State provides no mechanism for the funding of the actuarial calculated liability, and therefore, the financial statements reflect a deficit net position at June 30, 2020 totaling \$154,666,186.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.20 percent

Salary Increases 3.22 percent, average, including inflation

Discount Rate 2.48 percent

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates 5.20 percent for 2016, decreasing to an

ultimate rate of 4.18 percent

Retirees' Share of Benefit-Related Costs Varies between 80% and 100% depending on contract

The discount rate was based on a tax exempt, high quality 20-year tax-exempt general obligation municipal bond yield or index rate.

Mortality rates were based on the MP-2019 improvement scale.

## C. Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance at June 30, 2019	\$ 275,302,834
Changes for the Year -	
Service cost	\$ 8,563,234
Interest	9,526,472
Differences between expected and actual experience	(28,005,192)
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	46,842,600
Benefit payments	 (6,933,737)
Net Changes	\$ 29,993,377
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ 305,296,211

Changes of benefit terms reflect the following:

- The Single Discount Rate changed from 3.44 % to 2.48 % effective June 30, 2020
- The Salary scale changed from 3.36% to 3.22% effective June 30,2020
- Updated mortality improvement scale to MP-2019
- Updated healthcare cost trend rates to rates effective June 30, 2020

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.48 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.48 percent) than the current discount rate:

	Discount			
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase	
	<u>(1.48%)</u>	<u>(2.48%)</u>	(3.48%)	
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 361,503,576	\$ 305,296,211	\$ 260,587,106	

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (3.18 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.18 percent) than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

		Healthcare	
	1% Decrease	<b>Cost Trend Rates</b>	1% Increase
	(4.20%	(5.20%	(6.20%
	Decreasing	Decreasing	<b>Decreasing</b>
	to 3.18%)	to 4.18%)	to 5.18%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 253,216,754	\$ 305,296,211	\$ 372,675,752

## D. <u>OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB</u>

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$19,742,124. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	erred Outflows f Resources	erred Inflows f Resources
Differences between expected and	 _	_
actual experience	\$ 22,238,252	\$ 36,320,792
Changes of assumptions	 38,686,534	10,893,937
Subtotal	\$ 60,924,786	\$ 47,214,729
Contributions after measurement date	 1,728,685	
Total	\$ 62,653,471	\$ 47,214,729

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

<u>Year</u>	
2021	\$ 1,652,418
2022	1,387,604
2023	5,243,641
2024	1,801,870
2025	1,342,418
Thereafter	2,282,106
Total	\$ 13,710,057

## XIII. Risk Management

## A. General Information

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to injuries to employees, theft, damages, natural disasters, etc. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past three years.

## B. Health Plan

The District incurs costs related to the Rochester Area School Health Plan (Plan I and Plan II) sponsored by the Board of Cooperative Educational Services, Second Supervisory District of Monroe and Orleans Counties and its component districts.

## 1. Plan I

The Plans objectives are to formulate, develop and administer a program of insurance to obtain lower costs for that coverage, and to develop a comprehensive loss control program. Membership in the Plans may be offered to any component district of the Monroe #1 and Monroe #2 BOCES with the unanimous approval of the Board of Directors. Voluntary withdrawal from the Plans may be effective only once annually on the last day of the Plans year as may be established by the Board of Directors. Notice of Intention to Withdraw must be given in writing to the Chairman of the Board of Directors and the Treasurer not less than thirty days prior to the end of the Plans year. Plan members bear an equal proportionate share of the Plans' assets and claim liabilities. Pursuant to the Municipal Cooperative Agreement the Plans are a risk sharing pool and all monies paid to the Treasurer shall be pooled and administered as a common fund. No refunds shall be made to a participant and no assessments are charged to a participant other than the annual premium equivalent. If surplus funds exist at the end of any fiscal year, the distribution of such funds shall be determined by the Board of Directors. This Plan's members include seventeen districts and two BOCES with the District bearing an equal proportionate share of the Plan's assets and claim liabilities.

This Plan purchases, on an annual basis, stop-loss insurance policies to limit its exposure for claims paid within any one fiscal year.

This Plan establishes a liability for both reported and unreported insured events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. However, because actual claims costs depend on complex factors, the process used in computing claims liabilities does not necessarily result in a exact amount. Such claims are based on the ultimate cost of claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported but not settled, and claims that have been incurred but not reported. Adjustments to claims liabilities are charged or credited to expenses in the periods in which they are made. During the year ended June 30, 2020, the District incurred premiums or contribution expenditures totaling \$2,235,076

This Plan is audited on an annual basis and is available at the BOCES administrative offices. The most recent audit available for the year ended December 31, 2019, revealed that the Plan was fully funded.

## 2. Plan II

The District incurs costs related to the Rochester Area School Health Plan II sponsored by the Board of Cooperative Educational services, Second Supervisory District of Monroe and Orleans Counties (Monroe 2-Orleans BOCES). The Plan was established as a Municipal Cooperative under the authorization of Article 5-G of the General Municipal Law in 2004. The plan received a Certificate of Authority to operate as a self-funded plan under Article 47 of the New York State Insurance Law, effective January 1, 2020.

Membership in the Plan may be offered to any component school district of the Monroe 1 BOCES and Monroe 2-Orleans BOCES within the geographical boundaries of Monroe County, New York provided that the applicant provides proof of its financial responsibility that is satisfactory to the Board of Directors in its sole discretion, and the applicant is the same type of municipal corporation as the initial Participants. The Plan has full participation from all eligible participants including the two BOCES and seventeen component school districts.

A participant has the right to withdraw from the Plan, but such withdrawal shall be effective only on January 1 of the next Plan Year following the Plan Year in which the Participant provides notice. Any withdrawing Participant shall be responsible for its pro rata share of any Plan Deficit, and shall satisfy any other obligation relating to the Participant's membership in the Plan. The withdrawing Participant shall not be entitled to share in any Plan surplus.

The Plan is a risk sharing pool and all monies paid to the Treasurer shall be pooled and administered as a common fund. The annual premium equivalent for each coverage option under the Plan is established and approved by a majority of the entire Board of Directors. Each participant is required to contribute to the Plan an amount equal to the Premium Equivalent applicable to the coverage options, under which the Participants Enrollees are covered. If surplus funds exist at the end of any fiscal year, the distribution of such funds shall be determined by the Board of Directors.

The Plan establishes a liability for both reported and unreported insured events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. Such claims estimates are based on the ultimate cost of claims that have been reported but not settled, and claims that have been incurred but not reported.

The Plan is audited on an annual basis and is available at the Monroe 2-Orleans BOCES administrative offices. The most recent audit available for the year ended December 31, 2019 revealed that the Plan was fully funded.

During the year ended June 30, 2020, the District incurred premiums or contribution expenditures totaling \$20,529,606.

## C. Workers' Compensation

The District incurs costs related to the Rochester Area School Workers' Compensation Plan (Plan) sponsored by the Board of Cooperative Educational Services, Second Supervisory District of Monroe and Orleans Counties and its component districts. The Plan's objectives are to furnish workers' compensation benefits to participating districts at a significant cost savings. Membership in the Plan may be offered to any component district of the Monroe #1 and Monroe #2 BOCES with the approval of the Board of Directors. Voluntary withdrawal from the Plan may be effective only once annually on the last day of the Plan year as may be established by the Board of Director. Notice of Intention to Withdraw must be given in writing to the Chairman of the Board of Directors and the Treasurer not less than one year prior to the end of the Plan year.

Plan membership is currently comprised of two BOCES and seventeen districts. If a surplus of participants' assessments exists after the close of a Plan year, the Board may retain from such surplus an amount sufficient to establish and maintain a claim contingency fund. Surplus funds in excess of the amount transferred to or included in such contingency fund shall be applied in reduction of the next annual assessment or to the billing of Plan participants. All monies paid to the Treasurer by participants shall be commingled and administered as a common fund. No refunds shall be made to a participant and no assessments are charged to a participant other than the annual premium equivalent. However, if it appears to the Board of Directors that the liabilities of the Plan will exceed its cash assets, after taking into account any "excess insurance", the Board shall determine the amount needed to meet such deficiency and shall assess such amount against all participants pro-rata per enrollee.

The Plan purchases, on an annual basis, stop-loss insurance policies to limit its exposure for claims paid.

The Plan establishes a liability for both reported and unreported insured events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. However, because actual claims costs depend on complex factors, the process used in computing claims liabilities does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Such claims are based on the ultimate cost of claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported but not settled, and claims that have been incurred but not reported.

Adjustments to claims liabilities are charged or credited to expenses in the periods in which they are made. During the year ended June 30, 2020, the District incurred premiums or contribution expenditures totaling \$606,301.

The Plan is audited on an annual basis and is available at the BOCES administrative offices. The most recent audit available for the year ended June 30, 2019, revealed that the Plan was underfunded.

## D. Unemployment

District employees are entitled to coverage under the New York State Unemployment Insurance Law. The District has elected to discharge its liability to the New York State Unemployment Insurance Fund (the Fund) by the benefit reimbursement method, a dollar-for-dollar reimbursement to the fund for benefits paid from the fund to former employees. The District has established a self-insurance fund to pay these claims. The claim and judgment expenditures of this program for the 2019-20 fiscal year totaled \$64,789. The balance of the fund at June 30, 2020 was \$2,364,940 and is recorded in the General Fund as an Unemployment Insurance Reserve. In addition, as of June 30, 2020, no loss contingencies existed or were considered probable or estimable for incurred but not reported claims payable.

## E. Health Fund

For fiscal year 2019-20 the District expended \$44,611 for teachers and paraprofessionals. The unexpended balance in the Health Fund account at June 30, 2020 which represents the cumulative running balance of the participants amounted to \$1,403,295 and is reported as other liabilities in the Trust and Agency Fund.

#### F. Dental Fund

The District has a self-insured plan for dental coverage. The plan is administered by a third party administrator who pays the claims directly to the dentists. The District then reimburses the third party administrator for the exact amount of the claims paid. The total cost to the District for dental claims during 2019-20 was \$823,396.

## XIV. Commitments and Contingencies

#### A. Litigation

The District has several real property tax assessment matters in which the individuals are requesting reductions of their tax assessments. The District also had an impartial hearing request pursuant to the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act in which the hearing officer issued a negative decision. Lastly, the District received a demand notice which the District issued a response to the demand notice. The financial outcomes of these matters cannot be determined at this time.

## B. Grants

The District has received grants, which are subject to audit by agencies of the State and Federal Governments. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. Based on prior years' experience, the District's administration believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

## XV. Lease Commitments and Leased Assets

The District leases photocopying equipment under the terms of various non-cancelable leases. Rental expense for the (equipment) was \$101,163.

Minimum annual rentals for each of the remaining years of the lease are as follows:

Year Ending		
<b>June 30</b> ,	A	mount
2021	\$	69,963
2022	\$	40,978
2023	\$	40,978
2024	\$	36,978
2025	\$	13,717

## XVI. <u>Tax Abatement</u>

The County of Monroe IDA, and the District enter into various property tax abatement programs for the purpose of Economic Development. As a result the district property tax revenue was reduced \$128,408.

## XVI. Subsequent Event

#### A. State Aid

On August 13, 2020, the Division of the Budget (DOB) issued the FY 2021 First Quarterly State Budget Financial Plan Update which notes that, in the absence of Federal action since enactment of the FY 2021 budget, DOB began withholding 20 percent of most local aid payments in June, which includes 3609-a General Aid, , 3609-b Excess Cost Aid, 3609-d BOCES Aid payments, and that all or a portion of these withholds may be converted to permanent reductions, depending on the size and timing of new Federal aid, if any.

DOB's Updated Financial Plan includes \$8.2 billion in recurring local aid reductions, and states that the earliest DOB expects to transmit a detailed aid-to-localities reduction plan to the Legislature is late in the second quarter of the State's FY 2021, and that, in the absence of unrestricted Federal Aid, the DOB will continue to withhold a range of payments through the second quarter of FY 2021.

## **B.** Appropriated Fund Balance

On August 11, 2020 the District amended the 2020-21 budget for unanticipated costs associated with the COVID-19 Pandemic and appropriated fund balance totaling \$750,000 which will increase the total appropriated fund balance to \$2,236,102.

## XVII. COVID-19

On January 30,2020, the World Health Organization ("WHO") announced a global health emergency because of a new strain of coronavirus originating in Wuhan, China (the "COVID-19 outbreak") and the risks to the international community as the virus spreads globally beyond its point of origin. In March 2020, the WHO classified the COVID-19 outbreak as a pandemic, based on the rapid increase in exposure globally.

The outbreak and continuing effects of the COVID-19 health crisis in the State has had and is expected to have a significantly adverse effect on the State's financial condition. On April 25, 2020 the New York State Division of the Budget announced that the FY 2021 Enacted State Budget Financial Plan (the "Financial Plan") projects a \$13.3 billion shortfall, or 14%, in revenue from the Executive Budget Forecast released in January and estimates a \$61 billion decline through FY 2024 as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic. As a result, in the absence of Federal assistance, initial budget control actions outlined in the Financial Plan will reduce spending by \$10.1 billion from the Executive Budget. This represents a \$7.3 billion reduction in state spending from FY 2020 levels. The \$10.1 billion in spending reductions from the levels proposed in the Executive Budget include a \$8.2 billion reduction in "aid-to-localities", a broad spending category that includes funding for health care, K-12 schools, and higher education as well as support for local governments, public transit systems, and the State's notfor-profit partners. The dramatic decline in the State General Fund receipts is not a one-year problem. The Division of the Budget expects the reduced receipts to carry through each subsequent year of the four year Financial Plan, creating a total loss of \$60.5 billion through FY 2024 compared to the Executive Budget. According to the four year financial plan released by the State on May 8, 2020, as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic, State spending will be significantly reduced. Such reductions will include reductions to "aid to localities" which includes State aid to school districts, including the School District. Any significant reductions or delays in the payment of State aid could adversely affect the financial condition of school districts in the State.

## PITTSFORD CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

## Schedule of Changes in District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratio

## (Unaudited)

## For Year Ended June 30, 2020

## TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY

	10	THE OI ED EI					
		<u>2020</u> <u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>		
Service cost	\$	8,563,234	\$	9,401,775	\$	9,016,313	\$ 8,311,872
Interest		9,526,472		10,582,508		10,190,452	8,148,245
Changes in benefit terms		-		-		(459,965)	-
Differences between expected							
and actual experiences		(28,005,192)		(29,571,025)		6,060,831	31,761,645
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		46,842,600		1,147,095		6,915,240	(17,397,777)
Benefit payments		(6,933,737)		(7,133,867)		(6,589,823)	(5,928,449)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	\$	29,993,377	\$	(15,573,514)	\$	25,133,048	\$ 24,895,536
<b>Total OPEB Liability - Beginning</b>	\$	275,302,834	\$	290,876,348	\$	265,743,300	\$ 240,847,764
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	305,296,211	\$	275,302,834	\$	290,876,348	\$ 265,743,300
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	63,996,400	\$	62,000,000	\$	50,378,752	\$ 50,378,752
Total OPEB Liability as a							
Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll		477.05%		444.04%		577.38%	527.49%

10 years of historical information is not available, and will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation until 10 years of historical data is present.

## PITTSFORD CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

# Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Unaudited)

## For Year Ended June 30, 2020

NY	SERS	Pension	Plan

		NYSERS	ension Plan			
	2020	2019	2018	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	2015
Proportion of the net pension liability (assets)	0.0437%	0.0449%	0.0473%	0.0488%	0.0498%	0.0482%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets)	\$ 11,561,629	\$ 3,184,369	\$ 1,525,175	\$ 4,586,926	\$ 7,990,840	\$ 1,629,503
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 15,735,849	\$ 15,663,778	\$ 15,376,066	\$ 15,070,830	\$ 14,262,724	\$ 14,403,537
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	73.473%	20.330%	9.919%	30.436%	56.026%	11.313%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	86.39%	96.27%	98.24%	94.70%	90.70%	97.90%
		NYSTRS I	Pension Plan			
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Proportion of the net pension liability (assets)	0.2705%	0.2663%	0.2668%	0.2698%	0.2730%	0.2725%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets)	\$ (7,028,192)	\$ (4,815,351)	\$ (2,027,966)	\$ 2,889,537	\$ (28,352,181)	\$ (30,355,697)
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 47,416,977	\$ 46,066,016	\$ 44,242,586	\$ 43,225,052	\$ 42,391,356	\$ 41,669,104
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	-14.822%	-10.453%	-4.584%	6.685%	-66.882%	-72.849%
covered-employee payton	-14.02270	-10.43370	<del>-4</del> .504%	0.00370	-00.00270	-12.04970

10 years of historical information is not available, and will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation until 10 years of historical data is present.

102.20%

Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability

101.53%

100.66%

110.46%

99.01%

111.48%

#### PITTSFORD CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

## Schedule of District Contributions

(Unaudited)

#### For Year Ended June 30, 2020

**NYSERS Pension Plan** <u>2020</u> 2019 **2018 2017 2016** 2015 Contractually required contributions 2,215,602 \$ 2,420,688 \$ 2,596,813 2,169,309 2,226,497 2,200,715 Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution (2,169,309)(2,215,602) (2,226,497)(2,200,715)(2,420,688)(2,596,813)Contribution deficiency (excess) \$ \$ \$ \$ 14,262,724 Covered-employee payroll 15,735,849 \$ 15,663,778 \$ 15,376,066 \$ 15,070,830 \$ \$ 14,403,537 Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll 13.79% 14.14% 14.48% 14.60% 16.97% 18.03% **NYSTRS Pension Plan** <u>2020</u> <u> 2017</u> 2016 2019 **2018** <u>2015</u> Contractually required contributions 4,395,512 5,070,671 4,519,493 5,275,356 5,750,979 \$ 7,416,144 Contributions in relation to the contractually required (4,395,512)(5,070,671) (4,519,493)(5,750,979)contribution (5,275,356)(7,416,144)Contribution deficiency (excess) \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 47,416,977 46,066,016 44,242,586 43,225,052 \$ 42,391,356 \$ 41,669,104 Covered-employee payroll Contributions as a percentage

10 years of historical information is not available, and will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation until 10 years of historical data is present.

11.01%

10.22%

12.20%

13.57%

17.80%

9.27%

of covered-employee payroll

## PITTSFORD CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

## Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -

## ${\bf Budget\ (Non\text{-}GAAP\ Basis)\ and\ Actual\ -\ General\ Fund}$

(Unaudited)

## For Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Original Budget	Amended Budget	Current Year's Revenues		ver (Under) Revised Budget
REVENUES					
<b>Local Sources</b> -					
Real property taxes	\$ 103,141,036	\$ 97,237,341	\$ 97,196,578	\$	(40,763)
Real property tax items	92,445	5,996,140	5,997,440		1,300
Non-property taxes	5,330,861	5,330,861	6,029,847		698,986
Charges for services	369,050	369,050	574,808		205,758
Use of money and property	307,000	307,000	499,886		192,886
Sale of property and compensation for loss	143,000	143,000	50,971		(92,029)
Miscellaneous	575,000	578,855	1,105,952		527,097
State Sources -					
Basic formula	21,357,439	21,357,439	15,539,543		(5,817,896)
Lottery aid	-	-	6,138,715		6,138,715
BOCES	2,819,445	2,819,445	3,824,996		1,005,551
Textbooks	358,645	358,645	358,995		350
All Other Aid -					
Computer software	185,781	185,781	185,898		117
Library loan	39,719	39,719	39,743		24
Other aid	-	-	4,460		4,460
Federal Sources	 50,000	 50,000	 72,372		22,372
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 134,769,421	\$ 134,773,276	\$ 137,620,204	\$	2,846,928
Other Sources -					
Transfer - in	\$ _	\$ -	\$ 40,800	\$	40,800
TOTAL REVENUES AND OTHER					
SOURCES	\$ 134,769,421	\$ 134,773,276	\$ 137,661,004	\$	2,887,728
Appropriated reserves	\$ 620,000	\$ 2,282,840	 _		
Appropriated fund balance	\$ 1,300,000	\$ 1,577,353			
Prior year encumbrances	\$ 1,972,754	\$ 1,972,754			
TOTAL REVENUES AND APPROPRIATED RESERVES/ FUND BALANCE	\$ 138,662,175	\$ 140,606,223			

## PITTSFORD CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

## Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -

# Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual - General Fund (Unaudited)

For Year Ended June 30, 2020

			Current		
	Original	Amended	Year's		Unencumbered
	<b>Budget</b>	<b>Budget</b>	<b>Expenditures</b>	Encumbrances	<b>Balances</b>
EXPENDITURES					
General Support -					
Board of education	\$ 34,261	\$ 51,661	\$ 38,592	\$ 727	\$ 12,342
Central administration	378,887	384,266	372,015	4,361	7,890
Finance	970,312	984,750	914,267	30,542	39,941
Staff	1,027,789	1,054,522	889,324	38,214	126,984
Central services	9,305,631	9,318,060	7,431,142	726,655	1,160,263
Special items	1,510,177	1,650,798	1,590,467	8,819	51,512
Instructional -					
Instruction, administration and improvement	3,959,370	4,135,580	3,842,241	29,472	263,867
Teaching - regular school	37,483,157	37,609,234	35,625,919	290,822	1,692,493
Programs for children with					
handicapping conditions	15,776,977	16,442,312	15,669,839	238,914	533,559
Occupational education	484,929	484,929	408,743	1,257	74,929
Teaching - special schools	26,433	26,433	24,738	262	1,433
Instructional media	4,838,180	6,126,434	5,355,673	650,776	119,985
Pupil services	7,122,547	7,401,342	6,788,111	152,725	460,506
Pupil Transportation	4,881,287	4,944,681	3,673,924	62,482	1,208,275
<b>Employee Benefits</b>	39,258,569	36,592,646	36,098,962	74	493,610
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 127,058,506	\$ 127,207,648	\$ 118,723,957	\$ 2,236,102	\$ 6,247,589
Other Uses -					
Transfers - out	\$ 11,603,669	\$ 13,398,575	\$ 13,388,057	\$ -	\$ 10,518
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND					
OTHER USES	\$ 138,662,175	\$ 140,606,223	\$ 132,112,014	\$ 2,236,102	\$ 6,258,107
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,548,990		
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	42,538,336	42,538,336	42,538,336		
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 42,538,336	\$ 42,538,336	\$ 48,087,326	:	

Note to Required Supplementary Information:

A reconciliation is not necessary since encumbrances are presented in a separate column on this schedule.

## PITTSFORD CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

## Schedule of Change From Adopted Budget To Final Budget

## And The Real Property Tax Limit

For Year Ended June 30, 2020

## CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET:

MANGE FROM ADOI 1ED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET.	
Adopted budget	\$ 136,689,421
Prior year's encumbrances	 1,972,754
Original Budget	\$ 138,662,175
Budget revisions -	
Capital reserve - bus purchases	1,517,553
Transfer to school lunch fund	277,353
Liability reserve	114,353
Tax certiorari reserve	30,934
Donations	 3,855
FINAL BUDGET	\$ 140,606,223
ECTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMIT CALCULATION:	
2020-21 voter approved expenditure budget	\$ 140,328,172

## SE

CCTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMIT CALCULAT	ION:	
2020-21 voter approved expenditure budget		\$ 140,328,172
<u>Unrestricted fund balance:</u>		
Assigned fund balance	\$ 4,572,492	
Unassigned fund balance	5,529,680	
Total Unrestricted fund balance	\$ 10,102,172	
Less adjustments:		
Appropriated fund balance	\$ 2,336,390	
Encumbrances included in assigned fund balance	2,236,102	
Total adjustments	\$ 4,572,492	
General fund fund balance subject to Section 1318 of		
Real Property Tax Law		 5,529,680
ACTUAL PERCENTAGE		 3.94%

## PITTSFORD CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

## CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

## Schedule of Project Expenditures

For Year Ended June 30, 2020

				Expenditures			M	ethods of Financi	ing	
	Original	Revised	Prior	Current		Unexpended	Local			Fund
Project Title	<b>Appropriation</b>	<b>Appropriation</b>	<b>Years</b>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Total</u>	<b>Balance</b>	Sources	<b>Transfers</b>	<u>Total</u>	<b>Balance</b>
Bus Purchase Reserve 2019-20	\$ 1,021,349	\$ 1,021,349	\$ -	\$ 980,549	\$ 980,549	\$ 40,800	\$ 1,021,349	\$ (40,800)	\$ 980,549	\$ -
Bus Purchase Reserve 2020-21	1,517,553	1,517,553	-	-	-	1,517,553	1,517,553	-	1,517,553	1,517,553
Capital Funded by:										
2014-2015 Renovations	250,000	250,000	111,600	113,972	225,572	24,428	250,000	-	250,000	24,428
2015-2016 Renovations	250,000	250,000	-	207,061	207,061	42,939	250,000	-	250,000	42,939
2016-2017 Renovations	250,000	250,000	-	128,928	128,928	121,072	250,000	-	250,000	121,072
2017-2018 Renovations	250,000	250,000	-	-	-	250,000	250,000	-	250,000	250,000
2018-2019 Renovations	250,000	250,000	-	-	-	250,000	250,000	-	250,000	250,000
2019-2020 Renovations	685,000	685,000	-	-	-	685,000	685,000	-	685,000	685,000
2019 Capital Improvements	3,000,000	3,000,000	138,580	1,382,148	1,520,728	1,479,272	3,000,000	-	3,000,000	1,479,272
BOCES Capital Project	1,597,106	1,597,106				1,597,106	1,597,106		1,597,106	1,597,106
TOTAL	\$ 9,071,008	\$ 9,071,008	\$ 250,180	\$ 2,812,658	\$ 3,062,838	\$ 6,008,170	\$ 9,071,008	\$ (40,800)	\$ 9,030,208	\$ 5,967,370

## PITTSFORD CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

## Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

## **Special**

		Revenu	o Fun	de						Total
		Special	ie Fuii	School		Debt		Capital		Nonmajor
		Aid Lunch Fund Fund			Service		Projects	Governmental		
						Fund		Fund	0.	Funds
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	84,660	\$	425,199	\$	2,990,842	\$	3,374,768	\$	6,875,469
Receivables		918,724		239		-		-		918,963
Inventories		-		57,760		-		-		57,760
Due from other funds		_		277,353		_		2,900,000		3,177,353
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,003,384	\$	760,551	\$	2,990,842	\$	6,274,768	\$	11,029,545
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANG	CES									
<u>Liabilities</u> -										
Accounts payable	\$	11,480	\$	332	\$	-	\$	307,398	\$	319,210
Accrued liabilities		2,737		-		-		-		2,737
Due to other funds		930,409		-		-		-		930,409
Compensated Absences		-		12,628		-		-		12,628
Unearned revenue		29,448		180,323		-		-		209,771
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	974,074	\$	193,283	\$		\$	307,398	\$	1,474,755
Fund Balances -										
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$	57,760	\$	-	\$	-	\$	57,760
Restricted		-		-		2,990,842		5,967,370		8,958,212
Assigned		29,310		509,508		-		-		538,818
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	\$	29,310	\$	567,268	\$	2,990,842	\$	5,967,370	\$	9,554,790
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND										
FUND BALANCES	\$	1,003,384	\$	760,551	\$	2,990,842	\$	6,274,768	\$	11,029,545

## PITTSFORD CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

## Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

## Nonmajor Governmental Funds

For Year Ended June 30, 2020

## **Special**

	Revenue Fund								Total	
	Special		School		Debt		Capital		Nonmajor	
		Aid		Lunch		Service		Projects	G	overnmental
		<b>Fund</b>		<b>Fund</b>		<b>Fund</b>		<b>Fund</b>		<b>Funds</b>
REVENUES										
Use of money and property	\$	-	\$	2,286	\$	8,951	\$	-	\$	11,237
Miscellaneous		158,099		2,390		-		-		160,489
State sources		682,135		-		-		-		682,135
Federal sources		1,570,984		-		-		-		1,570,984
Sales		-		1,298,380						1,298,380
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	2,411,218	\$	1,303,056	\$	8,951	\$	<u> </u>	\$	3,723,225
EXPENDITURES										
Instruction	\$	2,410,202	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,410,202
Pupil transportation		156,542		-		-		980,549		1,137,091
Employee benefits		39,936		389,550		-		-		429,486
Debt service - principal		-		-		7,925,816		-		7,925,816
Debt service - interest		-		-		2,812,853		-		2,812,853
Cost of sales		-		467,335		-		-		467,335
Other expenses		-		724,772		-		-		724,772
Capital outlay								1,832,109		1,832,109
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	2,606,680	\$	1,581,657	\$	10,738,669	\$	2,812,658	\$	17,739,664
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES										
OVER EXPENDITURES	\$	(195,462)	\$	(278,601)	\$	(10,729,718)	\$	(2,812,658)	\$	(14,016,439)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers - in	\$	169,482	\$	277,353	\$	10,738,669	\$	2,202,553	\$	13,388,057
Transfers - out				-				(40,800)		(40,800)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING										
SOURCES (USES)	\$	169,482	\$	277,353	\$	10,738,669	\$	2,161,753	\$	13,347,257
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(25,980)	\$	(1,248)	\$	8,951	\$	(650,905)	\$	(669,182)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR		55,290		568,516		2,981,891		6,618,275		10,223,972
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	29,310	\$	567,268	\$	2,990,842	\$	5,967,370	\$	9,554,790

# Supplementary Information PITTSFORD CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

## Net Investment in Capital Assets For Year Ended June 30, 2020

Capital assets, net	\$	128,175,461
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## **Deduct:**

Short-term portion of bonds payable	\$ 7,420,000	
Long-term portion of bonds payable	52,790,000	
Deferred inflow - capital	2,490,956	
Short-term portion of energy performance contracts	430,689	
		(2 121 (4

63,131,645

Net Investment in Capital Assets \$ 65,043,816

# PITTSFORD CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For Year Ended June 30, 2020

Grantor / Pass - Through Agency Federal Award Cluster / Program	CFDA <u>Number</u>	Grantor <u>Number</u>	Pass-Through Agency <u>Number</u>	Total <u>Expenditures</u>		
<b>U.S. Department of Education:</b>						
<b>Indirect Programs:</b>						
Passed Through NYS Education Department -						
<b>Special Education Cluster IDEA -</b>						
Special Education - Grants to						
States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027	N/A	0032-20-0368	\$ 1,262,953		
Special Education - Preschool						
Grants (IDEA Preschool)	84.173	N/A	0033-20-0368	33,007		
Total Special Education Cluster IDEA				\$ 1,295,960		
Title IIA - Supporting Effective						
Instruction State Grant	84.367	N/A	0147-19-1385	22,881		
Title IIA - Supporting Effective						
Instruction State Grant	84.367	N/A	0147-20-1385	61,026		
Title IIIA - LEP	84.365	N/A	0293-19-1385	2,560		
Title IIIA - LEP	84.365	N/A	0293-20-1385	4,507		
Title IVA - Student Support and						
Academic Enrichments Grants	84.424	N/A	0204-19-1385	1,300		
Title IVA - Student Support and						
Academic Enrichments Grants	84.424	N/A	0204-20-1385	6,846		
Title I - Grants to Local						
Educational Agencies	84.010	N/A	0021-19-1385	3,560		
Title I - Grants to Local						
Educational Agencies	84.010	N/A	0021-20-1385	172,344		
Total U.S. Department of Education				\$ 1,570,984		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDER	AL AWARI	OS		\$ 1,570,984		

## MENGEL METZGER BARR & CO. LLP

RAYMOND F. WAGER, CPA, P.C. DIVISION

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

## **Independent Auditors' Report**

To the Board of Education Pittsford Central School District, New York

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Pittsford Central School District, New York, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Pittsford Central School District, New York's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 9, 2020.

## Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Pittsford Central School District, New York's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Pittsford Central School District, New York's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Pittsford Central School District, New York's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

## Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Pittsford Central School District, New York's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mongel, Metzger, Barn & Co. LLP

Rochester, New York September 9, 2020